



WENDEL

2019

# H1 Condensed consolidated

financial statements

MORE THAN 310 YEARS OF HISTORY

## **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1<sup>st</sup> Half 2019**



<b>Balance sheet – Statement of consolidated financial position .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Consolidated income statement.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Statement of comprehensive income .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Statement of changes in shareholders' equity .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Consolidated cash flow statement .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>General principles .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Notes .....</b>	<b>10</b>
NOTE 1. Accounting principles.....	10
NOTE 2. Changes in scope of consolidation .....	12
NOTE 3. Related parties.....	14
NOTE 4. Participation of managers in Group investments.....	14
NOTE 5. Managing financial risks .....	14
NOTE 6. Segment information .....	21
<b>Notes to the balance sheet.....</b>	<b>28</b>
NOTE 7. Goodwill.....	28
NOTE 8. Equity-method investments.....	29
NOTE 9. Cash and cash equivalents .....	31
NOTE 10. Financial assets and liabilities (excluding financial debt and operating receivables and payables) .....	31
NOTE 11. Equity.....	33
NOTE 12. Provisions.....	33
NOTE 13. Financial debt.....	35
NOTE 14. Discontinued operations and operations held for sale .....	36
<b>Notes to the income statement .....</b>	<b>37</b>
NOTE 15. Revenue .....	37
NOTE 16. Operating income.....	37
NOTE 17. Finance costs, net .....	37
NOTE 18. Other financial income and expense.....	38
NOTE 19. Tax expense .....	38
NOTE 20. Net income (loss) from equity-method investments .....	38
NOTE 21. Earnings per share .....	39
<b>Notes on changes in cash position .....</b>	<b>39</b>
NOTE 22. Acquisition of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets .....	39
NOTE 23. Divestment and Acquisition of equity investments .....	39
NOTE 24. Changes in other financial assets and liabilities and other.....	40
NOTE 25. Dividends received from equity-method investments and unconsolidated companies .....	40
NOTE 26. Net change in borrowings and other financial liabilities .....	40
NOTE 27. other financial income and expense.....	40
<b>Other notes .....</b>	<b>41</b>
NOTE 28. Off-balance-sheet commitments.....	41
NOTE 29. Subsequent events.....	44

## BALANCE SHEET – STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION

### ASSETS

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Note</b>	<b>06/30/2019</b>	<b>12/31/2018</b>
Goodwill, net	6 & 7	3 374.2	3 339.8
Intangible assets, net	6	1 881.9	1 903.9
Property, plant & equipment, net	6	1 775.7	1 330.0
Non-current financial assets	6 & 10	323.9	717.0
Pledged cash and cash equivalents	6 & 9	0.5	0.5
Equity-method investments	6 & 8	387.8	551.7
Deferred tax assets	6	208.4	208.3
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>7 952.4</b>	<b>8 051.2</b>
<b>Assets of discontinued operations and operations held for sale</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>248.8</b>	<b>118.0</b>
Inventories	6	504.6	452.9
Trade receivables	6	1 771.4	1 682.1
Contract Assets (net)	6	236.7	206.9
Other current assets	6	353.2	326.2
Current income tax payable	6	84.5	74.9
Other current financial assets	6 & 10	395.2	306.5
Cash and cash equivalents	6 & 9	2 500.6	3 098.4
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>5 846.2</b>	<b>6 147.9</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>14 047.4</b>	<b>14 317.1</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated statements.



## LIABILITIES

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Note</b>	<b>06/30/2019</b>	<b>12/31/2018</b>
Share capital		180.6	185.1
Share premiums		53.3	50.9
Retained earnings& other reserves		1 706.4	1 879.0
Net income for the period – Group share		-18.2	45.3
		<b>1 922.1</b>	<b>2 160.3</b>
Non-controlling interests		1 229.2	1 146.1
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3 151.3</b>	<b>3 306.4</b>
Provisions	6 & 12	446.6	443.5
Financial debt	6 & 13	5 971.9	5 631.8
Other non-current financial liabilities	6 & 10	444.9	456.7
Deferred tax liabilities	6	497.3	510.2
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>7 360.7</b>	<b>7 042.1</b>
<b>Liabilities of discontinued operations and operations held for sale</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Provisions	6 & 12	6.7	64.3
Financial debt	6 & 13	1 301.3	1 667.8
Other current financial liabilities	6 & 10	154.3	212.4
Trade payables	6	973.2	902.6
Other current liabilities	6	921.4	1 014.4
Current income tax payable	6	178.5	107.0
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>3 535.4</b>	<b>3 968.5</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>14 047.4</b>	<b>14 317.1</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated statements.

## CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Note</b>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Net sales	6 & 15	4 261.9	4 149.5
Other income from operations		7.4	6.6
Operating expenses		-3 883.8	-3 783.9
Gains/losses on divestments		7.1	-9.3
Asset impairment	6	-33.5	-24.4
Other income and expense	6	-7.2	-
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>5 &amp; 15</b>	<b>351.9</b>	<b>338.5</b>
Income from cash and cash equivalents		1.6	-11.6
Finance costs, gross		-140.5	-140.4
<i>Finance costs, net</i>	6 & 17	-138.9	-152.0
Other financial income and expense	6 & 18	-4.8	49.4
Tax expense	6 & 19	-112.7	-77.0
Net income (loss) from equity-method investments	6 & 20	-13.5	-39.2
<b>Net income before income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale</b>		<b>81.9</b>	<b>119.8</b>
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale	14	16.6	-4.4
<b>Net income</b>		<b>98.6</b>	<b>115.3</b>
Net income - non-controlling interests		116.7	116.3
<b>Net income, Group share</b>		<b>-18.2</b>	<b>-0.9</b>

<b>In euros</b>	<b>Note</b>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Basic earnings per share	21	-0.38	-0.02
Diluted earnings per share	21	-0.39	-0.04
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations	21	-0.61	0.08
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	21	-0.62	0.06
Basic earnings per share from discontinued operations	21	0.23	-0.10
Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations	21	0.23	-0.10
Basic earnings per share (in euros)		-0.38	-0.02
Diluted earnings per share (in euros)		-0.39	-0.04
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations (in euros)		-0.61	0.08
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (in euros)		-0.62	0.06
Basic earnings per share from discontinued operations (in euros)		0.23	-0.10
Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations (in euros)		0.23	-0.10

In accordance with IFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations", the contribution of NOP to 2018 first semester's net income has been reclassified to a single line in the income statement: "Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale".

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated statements.

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

In millions of euros	1st half 2019			1st half 2018		
	Gross amounts	Tax effect	Net Amounts	Gross amounts	Tax effect	Net Amounts
<b>Items recyclable in net income</b>						
Currency translation reserves <sup>(1)</sup>	46.1		46.1	-45.2		-45.2
Gains and losses on derivatives qualifying as hedges <sup>(2)</sup>	-1.8	0.2	-1.5	-23.8	0.1	-23.7
<b>Items non-recyclable in net income</b>						
Gains and losses on assets at fair value through other comprehensive income <sup>(3)</sup>	56.2		56.2	-136.9		-136.9
Actuarial gains and losses	-18.8	4.9	-14.0	3.3	-0.3	3.0
<b>Income and expenses recognized directly in shareholders' equity (A)</b>	<b>81.7</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>86.8</b>	<b>-202.6</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-202.8</b>
Net income for the period (B)			98.6			115.3
<b>Total income and expenses recognized for the period (A) + (B)</b>			<b>98.6</b>			<b>-87.4</b>
Attributable to:						
- shareholders of Wendel			48.6			-159.0
- non-controlling interests			136.7			71.6

(1) This item includes the contributions of Bureau Veritas and Tsebo for €32.9 million and €6 million respectively.

(2) Of which a negative amount of €4.7 million related to the change in the fair value of cross currency swaps recorded by Wendel (see note 5.1 "Managing currency risk – Wendel").

(3) The impact is related to change in fair value of Saint-Gobain shares.

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## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

<i>In millions of euros</i>	Number of shares outstanding	Share capital	Share premiums	Treasury shares	Retained earnings & other reserves	Cumulative translation adjustments	Group share	Non- controlling interests	Total shareholder s' equity
<b>Adjusted shareholders' equity as of January 1, 2018</b>	<b>45 583 808</b>	<b>185.0</b>	<b>48.7</b>	<b>-294.8</b>	<b>2 448.9</b>	<b>-229.8</b>	<b>2 157.9</b>	<b>1 080.5</b>	<b>3 238.5</b>
Income and expenses recognized directly in shareholders' equity (A)	-	-	-	-	-289.9	-16.6	-306.4	-67.7	-374.2
Net income for the period (B)	-	-	-	-	45.3	-	45.3	235.1	280.4
<b>Total income and expenses recognized for the period (A)+(B)<sup>(1)</sup></b>					<b>-244.5</b>	<b>-16.6</b>	<b>-261.1</b>	<b>167.4</b>	<b>-93.7</b>
Dividends paid <sup>(2)</sup>					-120.5		-120.5	-169.3	-289.8
Movements in treasury shares	-343 672	-		-61.0			-61.0		-61.0
Capital increase							-		-
- exercise of stock options	7 276	-	0.4				0.4	-	0.4
- company savings plan	20 155	0.1	1.9				2.0	-	2.0
Share-based payments					18.8		18.8	15.0	33.8
Changes in scope of consolidation					238.5	14.1	252.6	76.5	329.1
Other <sup>(3)</sup>					171.2	-	171.2	-24.0	147.2
<b>Shareholders' equity as of December 31, 2018</b>	<b>45 267 567</b>	<b>185.1</b>	<b>50.9</b>	<b>-355.8</b>	<b>2 512.3</b>	<b>-232.2</b>	<b>2 160.4</b>	<b>1 146.1</b>	<b>3 306.4</b>
IFRS 16 and IFRIC 23 first time application				-	-32.4	-	-32.4	-53.9	-86.3
<b>Adjusted shareholders' equity as of January 1, 2019</b>	<b>45 267 567</b>	<b>185.1</b>	<b>50.9</b>	<b>-355.8</b>	<b>2 479.9</b>	<b>-232.2</b>	<b>2 127.9</b>	<b>1 092.2</b>	<b>3 220.0</b>
Income and expenses recognized directly in shareholders' equity (A)		-	-	-	48	19	67	20	87
Net income for the period (B)		-	-	-	-18	-	-18	117	99
<b>Total income and expenses recognized for the period (A)+(B)<sup>(1)</sup></b>					<b>29.4</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>48.6</b>	<b>136.7</b>	<b>185.3</b>
Dividends paid <sup>(2)</sup>					-123.7	-	-123.7	-159.7	-283.4
Movements in treasury shares <sup>(3)</sup>	-1 124 030	-5	-	-132	-	-	-136	-	-136
Capital increase							-		-
- exercise of stock options	20 950	0.1	-0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
- company savings plan	26 055	0.1	2.4	-	-	-	2.5	-	2.5
Share-based payments					5.9	-	5.9	7.4	13.3
Changes in scope of consolidation and other movements <sup>(4)</sup>					3.2	-6.1	-2.9	152.5	149.7
<b>Shareholders' equity as of June 30, 2018</b>	<b>44 190 542</b>	<b>180.6</b>	<b>53.2</b>	<b>-487.4</b>	<b>2 394.7</b>	<b>-219.1</b>	<b>1 922.1</b>	<b>1 229.2</b>	<b>3 151.3</b>

(1) See "Statement of comprehensive income".

(2) In the first semester of 2019, Wendel paid a dividend of €2.80 per share, for a total of €123.7 million. In 2018, Wendel paid a dividend of €2.65 per share, for a total of €120.5 million.

(3) See note 11 "Equity".

(4) Other changes include the impact of puts held by non-controlling interests as well as the impact of the accretion in the equity of Bureau Veritas following the payment of dividend in shares (see note 2.3 "Bureau Veritas dividend paid in shares"). They also include the impact of the unwinding of Materis' co-investment (only on non-controlling interests).

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated statements.

## CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

In millions of euros

	Note	1st half 2019	1st half 2018
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Net income		98.6	115.3
Share of net income/loss from equity-method investments		13.5	39.2
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale		-16.6	5.0
Depreciation, amortization, provisions and other non-cash items		263.5	232.7
Expenses on investments and divestments		9.7	5.2
Cash flow from companies held for sale		-	17.9
Gains/losses on divestments		-6.7	8.3
Financial income and expense		143.7	102.8
Taxes (current & deferred)		112.8	78.2
Cash flow from consolidated companies before tax		618.4	604.5
Change in working capital requirement related to operating activities		-239.8	-265.0
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities, excluding tax</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>378.6</b>	<b>339.5</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities, excluding tax</b>			
Acquisition of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	22	-124.6	-132.3
Disposal of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets		6.3	8.0
Acquisition of equity investments	23	-59.2	-143.4
Disposal of equity investments	23	49.5	5.7
Impact of changes in scope of consolidation and of operations held for sale		10.6	-2.3
Changes in other financial assets and liabilities and other	24	417.3	78.7
Dividends received from equity-method investments and unconsolidated companies	25	7.1	20.2
Change in working capital requirements related to investment activities		-59.1	-29.1
<b>Net cash flows from investing activities, excluding tax</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>248.0</b>	<b>-194.5</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities, excluding tax</b>			
Capital increase		2.5	2.3
Contribution of non-controlling shareholders		1.0	18.4
Share buybacks:			
- Wendel	11	-194.2	-45.1
- Subsidiaries		2.5	-31.7
Dividends paid by Wendel		-123.7	-120.5
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries		-69.5	-147.6
New borrowings	26	634.7	362.6
Repayment of borrowings	26	-1 094.4	-425.0
Net finance costs		-122.4	-143.6
Other financial income/expense	27	-136.7	-9.5
Change in working capital requirements related to financing activities		8.4	-44.6
<b>Net cash flows from financing activities, excluding tax</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-1 091.7</b>	<b>-584.3</b>
<b>Cash flows related to taxes</b>			
Current tax expense		-116.5	-119.6
Change in tax assets and liabilities (excl. deferred taxes)		-16.6	23.3
<b>Net cash flows related to taxes</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-133.1</b>	<b>-96.3</b>
Effect of currency fluctuations		0.4	-8.1
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>-597.9</b>	<b>-543.7</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		3 098.4	1 905.9
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	<b>6 &amp; 9</b>	<b>2 500.6</b>	<b>1 362.2</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated statements.

## GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Wendel is a European company with an Executive Board and a Supervisory Board, governed by prevailing European and French laws and regulations. The Company is registered in the Paris Trade and Company Register (*Registre du commerce et des sociétés*) under number 572,174,035. Its head office is located at 89 rue Taitbout, Paris, France.

Its business consists in investing for the long term in industrial and service companies, in order to accelerate their growth and development.

As of June 30, 2019, the Wendel group primarily comprised:

- fully consolidated operating companies: Bureau Veritas (36.0% net of treasury shares), Cromology (100%), Stahl (67.5%), Constantia Flexibles (60.7%) and Tsebo (66.5%);
- operating companies accounted for by the equity method: IHS (21.4%) and Allied Universal (33.7%);
- Wendel and its fully consolidated holding companies.

The Wendel group condensed consolidated half-year financial statements cover the 6-month period from January 1 to June 30, 2019 and are expressed in millions of euros. They include:

- the balance sheet (statement of financial position);
- the income statement and the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of changes in shareholders' equity;
- the cash flow statement; and
- the notes to the financial statements.

Each accounting item in these financial statements includes the contribution of all of the Group's fully consolidated companies (excluding those classified in accordance with IFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations"). However, each of Wendel's subsidiary companies is managed independently under the responsibility of its own executive management. It is therefore important to analyze subsidiaries' individual performance using relevant aggregate accounting data for their respective business activities.

Aggregate accounting data for each fully consolidated subsidiary are presented in note 6 "Segment information", which shows the contribution of each subsidiary to the income statement, balance sheet, and cash flow statement. Aggregate accounting data for equity-method investments are set out in note 8 "Equity-method investments". An analysis of the Group's overall performance by business activity is provided in note 6 "Segment information", which details recurring net income by business activity and non-recurring net income. There is no financial recourse between the different operating subsidiaries or from the operating subsidiaries to Wendel or its holding companies (see note 5-2.2 "Liquidity risk of operating subsidiaries"). The debt positions of the fully-consolidated subsidiaries, and of Wendel and its *holding companies*, are presented individually in note 5-2 "Managing Liquidity Risk".

These condensed consolidated half-year financial statements were adopted by Wendel's Executive Board on August 28, 2019.



## NOTES

### NOTE 1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months to June 30, 2019 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the 2018 fiscal year included in the Registration Document filed with the AMF on April 17, 2019 under number D.19-0356.

With the exception of the new standards and interpretations that became mandatory for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, the accounting principles used are the same as those used in preparing the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, corresponding to the IFRS reference as adopted by the European Union, which is available on the EU Commission website:

[https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/international-accounting-standards-regulation-ec-no-1606-2002/amending-and-supplementary-acts/acts-adopted-basis-regulatory-procedure-scrutiny-rps\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/international-accounting-standards-regulation-ec-no-1606-2002/amending-and-supplementary-acts/acts-adopted-basis-regulatory-procedure-scrutiny-rps_en)

Apart from IFRS 16 and IFRIC 23, described below, no new standards, interpretations or amendments with mandatory application for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 had any impact on the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements of June 30, 2019.

#### **Note 1 - 1. Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards not applied early in the 2018 financial statements**

##### **First-time application of IFRS 16 "Leases"**

For lessees, the application of IFRS 16 "Leases" results in the recognition of leases in the balance sheet through an asset (representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term) and a corresponding liability (representing the obligation to pay fixed rents). The new standard eliminates the distinction between operating leases and finance leases.

The Group has applied the simplified retrospective method without restatement of the comparative periods. The cumulative impact of the first-time application of IFRS 16 is recognized as an adjustment of opening equity as of January 1, 2019.

In accordance with the simplification provided for in IFRS 16, the Group has applied the new standard to leases identified in accordance with the definition of the previous standards IAS 17 and IFRIC 4, without reassessing the qualification of contracts in progress at January 1, 2019.

The right of use of Bureau Veritas' main property leases is measured as if IFRS 16 had always been applied, except for the discount rate used in measuring the right of use, which is the rate used to measure debt as of January 1, 2019, excluding initial direct costs. The right of use of other leases is equal to the amount of the lease liability as of January 1, 2019 (adjusted for prepaid rent and rents payable).

The lease liability is the present value of remaining lease payments. Future payments have been discounted on the basis of the subsidiaries' incremental borrowing rates in accordance with the remaining lease terms as of January 1, 2019.

The Group opted for the exemption offered by IFRS 16 for short-term and low-value leases (assets with a unit value of less than €5,000). Rents on these leases are therefore still recognized as operating expenses. For the first time application, the Group also chose not to recognize leases with a remaining term of less than 12 months, in accordance with IFRS 16.

In assessing the lease term, the Group has taken the non-cancellable period of each contract and any extension option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise and any termination option that the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise. Regarding commercial leases in France (3-6-9 years), the Group applied a term aligned with that used for the depreciation of the fittings of the leased properties, not exceeding 9 years in accordance with the opinion of the French Accounting Standards Authority. It should be noted that ESMA has applied to the IFRS Interpretations Committee for an opinion on the term to be used for indefinite leases that can be terminated at any time. Internationally, reasonably certain extension options were assessed with regard to the level of payments of the optional period in relation to market conditions, the track record of extensions of similar leases, management's intention and termination costs. For leases bearing on land, the Group has assumed a lease term aligned with that used for the depreciation of the buildings located on the land in question.

The Group recognizes the deferred taxes attached to the recognition of the right of use and the lease liabilities.

The impacts of the first time application of IFRS 16 are as follows:

In millions of euros	BV	CROMO	CONSTANTIA	STAHL	TSEBO	HOLDING COMPANIES
Property, plant & equipment, net	304.3	124.2	33.4	19.5	6.2	7.2
Deferred tax assets	9.4			0.1		
Trade receivables and other current assets	-0.8					
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>312.9</b>	<b>124.2</b>	<b>33.4</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>7.2</b>
Equity	-27.7			-1.2		
Non-current borrowings and financial debt	287.3	98.1	25.9			
Current borrowings and financial debt	65.8	26.2	7.5	20.8	6.2	7.2
Trade payables and other current liabilities	-12.5	-0.1				
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>312.9</b>	<b>124.2</b>	<b>33.4</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>7.2</b>

The right of use is presented in the balance sheet under "Property, plant and equipment, net" and the lease liability under "Financial debt" in current and non-current liabilities. As of June 30, 2019, the right-of-use asset recognized in the balance sheet amounted to €479.6 million, and the lease liability to €416.6 million in "Non-current financial debt" and €106 million in "Current borrowings and financial debt".

#### 1) Impacts on the income statement as of June 30, 2019

The impact of IFRS 16 on the consolidated income statement for the first half of 2019 concerns:

- Operating income for €6.6 million, corresponding to the difference between the amortization of the €-58.4 million right-of-use asset and canceled rents in the amount of €65 million;
- Net financial expense in the negative amount of €9.2 million corresponding to interests on the recognized debt.

#### 2) Impacts on the cash flow statement

The cash-out related to operating leases transactions are from now on presented in the caption reimbursement of debts and paid interests among financing cash operations. It corresponds to an increase in operating activities' flows and a decrease in financing flows of €58.8 million as at June 30, 2019.

The reconciliation between the non-cancellable future payments reported in respect of leases as of December 31, 2018 and the increase in lease liabilities recognized in accordance with IFRS 16 as of January 1, 2019 is presented below:

In millions of euros	BV	CROMO	CONSTANTIA	STAHL	TSEBO
Off-balance sheet commitments as of 12/31/2018	351.7	146.9	39.8	21.4	9.5
Exemptions (less than 12 months and low value)		-3.2	-1.2	-1.3	
Discounting of lease liability payments	-71.1	-46.5	-4.6	-3.0	
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	72.5	26.1	-0.6	4.0	-0.7
Lease liabilities as of January 1, 2019	353.1	123.3	33.4	21.1	8.8

(1) The €72.5 million consist, for Bureau Veritas, on virtually certain payments net of payments under short-term leases.

### First time application of IFRIC 23 “Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments”.

IFRIC 23 “Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments” complements the provisions of IAS 12 “Income Taxes”; it sets out the procedures for measuring and recognizing uncertainties relating to income taxes. The interpretation recommends that an entity determines whether it is likely that the tax administration will accept uncertain tax treatment, and that it takes into account the impact of this uncertainty in the determination of taxable income, tax loss carry-forward, unused tax credits and tax rates.

The Group applied the modified retrospective approach and noted the effect of the first-time application of IFRIC 23 as of January 1, 2019 without restatement of the comparative period.

As of January 1, 2019, the first-time application of IFRIC 23 resulted in:

- a negative impact of €58 million in the form of a reduction in retained earnings, of which €55.5 million concerned Bureau Veritas;
- a reclassification from provisions for tax risks relating to corporate income tax to “Other current liabilities”.

### NOTE 2. CHANGES IN SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

The scope of consolidation of the Wendel group is presented under “General principles”.

#### Note 2 - 1. Agreement to sell 40% of the investment in Allied Universal

In February 2019, Wendel and its co-shareholders signed a contract with Caisse de Dépôt et Placement du Québec (CDPQ) for the sale of approximately 40% of their investment in Allied Universal, leader in security services in North America. The sale is expected to be based on an enterprise value of over \$7 billion. Under the terms of the agreement, CDPQ is to invest more than \$200 million in equity to support Allied Universal's growth strategy and its acquisition plans. The transaction will make CDPQ Allied Universal's largest shareholder. Wendel will retain an interest of approximately 18% in Allied Universal, and will continue alongside its current co-shareholder Warburg Pincus to have representatives on the Board of Directors, with veto rights over a number of strategic decisions. The transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2019, subject to the fulfillment of the usual conditions for this type of transaction and the receipt of regulatory authorizations. As a result of the transaction, Wendel is expected to receive approximately \$350 million in cash, which, taking into account previous dividend payments, exceeds its total initial investment.

A share representing 40% of the Group's interest in Allied Universal was accordingly reclassified as assets and operations held for sale as of December 31, 2018. In accordance with IFRS 5 “Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations”, amortization relating to this portion was determined as of the date of reclassification. As of June 30, 2019, the book value of this interest was €72.3 million, which is less than the expected sale price for the divestment.

The remaining interest of Wendel in Allied Universal is still accounted under the equity method insofar as the Group continues to have significant influence over the investment.



## **Note 2 - 2. Cromology capital increase**

As part of the financial restructuring of Cromology (see note 5 – 2.4 “Financial debt of operating subsidiaries – documentation and covenants”), Wendel invested €125 million in this investment, becoming its sole shareholder after the restructuring of the initial holding structure (Materis). In accordance with the Group's policy of giving the managers of investments a stake in their value creation, Cromology's management will invest between €4 million and €5 million alongside Wendel in the third quarter of 2019. The minority shareholders of the former holding structure will be asked to reinvest in Cromology in proportion to their interest. The net impact of the final unwinding of the co-investment of Materis' former managers was recorded in the half-year financial statements in financial results of the income statement.

## **Note 2 - 3. Bureau Veritas dividend paid in shares**

During the first half of 2019, Bureau Veritas paid a dividend of €0.56 per share in respect of the 2018 financial year, with the option for shareholders to receive the payment in cash or in new shares. The issue price of the new shares tendered to pay the dividend was set at €19.13, giving rise to the creation of 9,943,269 Bureau Veritas shares, while the payment of the dividend in cash amounted to €54 million.

The Wendel Group opted for the payment of the dividend in shares in the amount of €87.5 million for its share, in order to support the management's strategy for this investment. The Group now holds 160,826,908 Bureau Veritas shares. Wendel's percentage interest accordingly rose from 35.8% to 36.0% (net of treasury shares), with the percentage of its voting rights dropping slightly from 51.9% to 51.8%.

In accordance with IFRS 3 (revised) “Business Combinations”, the impact of this transaction (a negative €15.3 million) was recognized in consolidated equity as a transaction between shareholders.

## **Note 2 - 4. Tsebo capital increase**

In view of the challenging economic environment facing Tsebo in South Africa, Wendel and its co-shareholder Capital Group reinvested a total of \$21 million in this investment.

## **Note 2 - 5. Sale of the investment in PlaYce**

In February 2019, Wendel sold its investment in PlaYce, with net proceeds from the sale totaling €32.2 million. The investment has been classified as assets and operations held for sale at December 31, 2018. A capital gain of €7.4 million was recognized in net income from discontinued operations.

## **Note 2 - 6. Sale of the investment in Saint-Gobain**

As of the closing date, almost the entire investment in Saint-Gobain had been sold for €468 million (14.1 million shares sold). As of that date, the Group still holds an investment of approximately €1 million in Saint-Gobain shares.

As of June 30, 584,049 shares are still held and recorded as financial assets in the amount of €20 million. The gain on disposal for the period is recognized in consolidated equity in the amount of €56 million in accordance with the Group's accounting principles and IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”; cumulative changes in fair value recognized in consolidated reserves on this investment are not reclassified to the income statement.

## **Note 2 - 7. Principal changes in scope of consolidation of subsidiaries and associates**

### **1. Changes in scope of consolidation of the Bureau Veritas group**

The main acquisitions made in the first half of 2019 are as follows:

- Capital Energy, a French energy savings certificate management company, with annual revenue of approximately €23 million in 2017;
- Owen Group, a regional leader in building and infrastructure compliance services in the United States, with annual revenue of approximately €7 million in 2018; and

- ShenzenTotal-Test Technology, a Chinese company specializing in food analysis, with annual revenue of approximately €10 million in 2018.

The total acquisition price of companies acquired by Bureau Veritas during the period was €52.5 million, and the total goodwill recognized on these companies was €24.6 million.

At the end of June 2019, Bureau Veritas sold its North American health, safety and environmental consulting business (HSE Consulting), generating a pre-tax capital gain of €8.0 million.

## **2. Changes in scope of consolidation of the Constantia Flexibles group**

In February 2019, Multi-Color Corporation announced the signing of a definitive sale agreement in favor of a leading private equity firm. Under the terms of the agreement, which was approved unanimously by the Multi-Color Corporation's Board of Directors, shareholders received \$50 in cash for each ordinary share they held in July 2019 (after the closing date).

As a result, the securities held by Constantia Flexibles were classified as assets and operations held for sale in the first half of 2019. As of both June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, they were valued at \$50 per share, i.e. €148 million for the entire shareholding as of June 30, 2019.

### **NOTE 3. RELATED PARTIES**

The Wendel Group's related parties are:

- IHS and Allied Universal, which are consolidated under the equity method;
- the members of Wendel's Executive Board and Supervisory Board; and
- Wendel-Participations, which is the Group's control structure.

In May 2019, the Group paid a dividend of €2.80 per share, i.e. €48.5 million, to Wendel-Participations. There were no other significant changes during the period in transactions with related parties as detailed in note 3 "Related parties" to the 2018 consolidated financial statements.

### **NOTE 4. PARTICIPATION OF MANAGERS IN GROUP INVESTMENTS**

There was no other significant change over the period compared with the description of the mechanisms used to give the management teams of the Group's investments an interest in their value creation, as presented in note 4 "Participation of managers in Group investments" of the 2018 consolidated financial statements.

### **NOTE 5. MANAGING FINANCIAL RISKS**

The management of financial risks (equity, liquidity, interest-rate, credit, currency and raw materials risks) is presented in note 5 to the 2018 consolidated financial statements. The principal financial risks as of June 30, 2019 are described in the following notes:

#### **Note 5 - 1. Equity market risk**

As of June 30, 2019, equity market risk relates chiefly to:

- consolidated and equity-method shares, whose "recoverable values" used for impairment tests are based on market parameters, including, and depending on the case, the discount rate used in calculating "value in use" or the market price used in calculating "fair value" (see impairment tests in note 7 "Goodwill");
- investments by Wendel Lab, whose total value was €54 million at the end of June 2019. They are recognized at fair value, with changes recognized through profit or loss; a +/-5% variation in their value would therefore result in an impact of approximately +/-€3 million in net financial expense;
- minority buy-out commitments (also referred to as minority puts) and liquidity commitments of co-investments granted by Wendel and its holding companies, which are recognized as financial liabilities. Their value is based on the fair value of the relevant investment, or, in other cases, determined by a contractual formula based on a fixed multiple of operating margin

less net debt. As of June 30, 2019, the total of these financial liabilities was €324.3 million, including the minority put granted by Stahl on BASF's interest in that company (see note 10 "Financial assets and liabilities"). When the buy-out price is based on fair value, it is most often estimated using the calculation method used for net asset value (as described in the Group's annual financial report), i.e. the application of peer multiples to the operating margin of the relevant investments in order to estimate the enterprise value, allowing the value of equity to be calculated once debt has been deducted. In the event of a 5% increase in the operating margins of the stakes in question, the total amount of the minority buy-out commitments and liquidity commitments for the co-investments granted by Wendel and its holding companies and the buy-out commitment granted by Stahl to BASF would increase by €21.3 million. This change would be recognized mainly in retained earnings & other reserves. Other Group investments also granted minority puts (see note 10 "Financial assets and liabilities");

- the Wendel syndicated loan covenants, which are based on ratios of financial debt to the value of assets, are described in note 5-2.4 "Financing agreements and covenants of Wendel and its holding companies" of the 2018 consolidated financial statements. As of end-June 2019, this facility was not drawn and Wendel was in compliance with these covenants;
- the degree of financial leverage of Wendel and its holding companies (i.e. net debt/assets), a key indicator of the cost of bond and bank financing, which Wendel may seek to access. This indicator is also tracked by the Moody's and Standard & Poor's rating agencies, which Wendel has retained to rate its financial structure and bonds. As of June 30, 2019, this ratio was at an all-time low, putting the Group in a position to make new investments while maintaining a sound financial structure.

Most of the Saint-Gobain shares were sold in the first half of 2019 (see note 2 "Changes in scope of consolidation"); the risk related to changes in their stock market price on the Group's financial statements is now immaterial. In addition, the bond exchangeable for Saint-Gobain securities matured at the end of July 2019 (after the closing date); it was redeemed in cash, meaning that there is no longer any equity risk attached to this instrument.

## **Note 5 - 2. Managing liquidity risk**

### **Note 5 - 2.1 Liquidity risk of Wendel and the holding companies**

Wendel needs cash to make investments, service debt and pay operating expenses and dividends. These needs are covered by cash and short-term financial investments, asset turnover, bank and bond financing, and dividends received from subsidiaries and associates.

#### **1. Cash position and short-term financial investments**

As of June 30, 2019, the cash and short-term financial investments of Wendel and its holding companies (excluding operating subsidiaries) amounted to €1,800 million and consisted mainly of €1,071 million in euro money market funds, €304 in financial institution funds and €425 million in bank accounts and deposits denominated mainly in euros.

#### **2. Position of debt maturities and refinancing**

In the first half of 2019, Wendel issued a new €300 million bond maturing in April 2026 with a coupon of 1.375%, and exercised the early redemption clause on the 2020 and 2021 maturities in a total nominal amount of €507 million (€527 million including the prepayment premium recognized in other financial income and expenses). These transactions served to extend the average maturity of Wendel's financing.

As of June 30, 2019, gross debt (excluding operating subsidiaries) consisted of bonds (including bonds exchangeable for Saint-Gobain securities maturing in July 2019 redeemed in cash after the closing date) in a total amount of €2,312 million. Bond maturities are spread between July 2019 and February



2027, and the average maturity is 4.2 years (6.0 years excluding the July and September 2019 maturities).

Wendel also has an undrawn €750 million syndicated loan maturing in October 2023. It comes with a one-year maturity extension option subject to the banks' agreement. Wendel was in compliance with its financial covenants as of June 30, 2019. This undrawn line of credit notably gives Wendel enough flexibility to take advantage of investment opportunities.

Moreover, in the context of currency risk management (see note 5-5 "Managing currency risk"), €800 million in bond debt has been converted into dollar-denominated debt through the use of derivatives (cross-currency swaps).

At the date of the closing of the consolidated financial statements, Wendel's long-term rating from Standard & Poor's was BBB "stable" outlook, and the short-term rating A-2. Similarly, Moody's has assigned it a rating of Baa2 "stable" outlook with a short-term rating of P-2.

#### **Note 5 - 2.2    Liquidity risk of operating subsidiaries**

The management of each operating subsidiary is responsible for managing the cash, debt, and liquidity risk of that entity.

Debt of operating subsidiaries is without recourse to Wendel. As such, the liquidity risk of these subsidiaries affects Wendel only when Wendel chooses to accept it. Wendel has no legal obligation to support operating subsidiaries experiencing cash flow difficulties. Similarly, subsidiaries are not bound by any mutual support undertakings. As a result, Wendel's liquidity would only be affected if it decided to contribute cash to an operating subsidiary. Such a decision would result from an in-depth analysis of all the constraints to which Wendel is subject, including return on investment, Wendel's own liquidity, additional investment in other subsidiaries, and new investments. In this context, Wendel made a cash injection of €125 million to Cromology in May 2019 on the renegotiation of the bank debt of this investment. This capital was used to strengthen Cromology's financial structure, notably through the partial repayment of debt in the amount of €75 million; it will also enable it to implement its transformation plan and finance its investments. Wendel also injected \$13 million into Tsebo (\$21 million in total with its co-shareholder Capital group) to strengthen its financial structure in view of the challenging macroeconomic situation facing the company in South Africa.

Changes in the economic and financial situation of subsidiaries can also have an impact on Wendel's liquidity via the amount of dividends they pay to Wendel. Similarly, changes in the economic and financial position of investments has an impact on their value; however, this value is taken into account in calculating Wendel's financial leverage (see note 5-1 "Equity market risk").

#### **Note 5 - 3.        Wendel's liquidity outlook**

Significant financial maturities in the second half of 2019 will be repaid using Wendel's available cash (the bond exchangeable for Saint-Gobain shares, redeemed in cash in July 2019, after the closing date, for €500 million, and the September 2019 maturity of €212 million). The next significant financial maturity is the €300 million bond, due to be redeemed in April 2023. Wendel's liquidity risk over the 12 months following the reporting date is therefore low given its high level of cash and short-term financial investments and the anticipated divestment of 40% of the investment in Allied Universal (see note 2 "Changes in scope of consolidation", and its available undrawn syndicated line of credit.

#### **Note 5 - 4.        Financial debt of operating subsidiaries – documentation and covenants**

##### **1. Bureau Veritas' financial debt**

This debt is without recourse to Wendel.

As of June 30, 2019, Bureau Veritas' gross financial debt amounted to €2,926.5 million (excluding financial liabilities related to the application of IFRS 16) and its cash balance to €804.8 million. Bureau Veritas also has a confirmed and undrawn line of credit in a total amount of €600 million.

The financial covenants applicable as of June 30, 2019 were met:

- the ratio of adjusted net financial debt to consolidated EBITDA (Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization and Provisions) adjusted for the last 12 months of any acquired entity must be less than 3.25. As of June 30, 2019, this ratio was 2.25; and
- the ratio of adjusted consolidated EBITDA of the last 12 months of any acquired entity to net finance costs must be greater than 5.5. As of June 30, 2019, this ratio was 10.28.

## **2. Constantia Flexibles' financial debt**

This debt is without recourse to Wendel.

As of June 30, 2019 (before the sale of the Multi-Color shares), the nominal amount of Constantia Flexibles' gross financial debt was €636.6 million (including accrued interest and excluding issue costs and financial liabilities related to the application of IFRS 16). Its cash balance was €23.8 million (plus deposits pledged as collateral in the amount of €60.5 million).

Under the applicable financial covenants, the ratio of net financial debt to LTM EBITDA must be less than 3.75 (this threshold may be temporarily increased to 4.5 as a result of acquisitions). This covenant was met as of June 30, 2019, with a reading of 2.99.

The documentation related to Constantia Flexibles' debt contains the standard restrictions for this type of credit facility. Certain transactions, such as mergers, asset divestments, granting collateral, acquisitions, additional debt, payment of dividends, share buybacks, or changes in ownership structure are prohibited, restricted, or require prior approval of the lenders.

## **3. Cromology's financial debt**

This debt is without recourse to Wendel.

In the first half of 2019, Cromology renegotiated its bank debt by deferring its maturity to 2024 and obtaining an easing of its financial covenants. The covenants have been suspended for a period of three years, at the end of which the ratio of net debt to EBITDA must remain below 7. In exchange for these adjustments, Wendel reinvested €125 million, of which €75 million was used to partially repay the senior debt, with the balance used to implement its transformation plan and finance its investments.

As of June 30, 2019, Cromology's bank debt was €199 million (including accrued interest and excluding spreads, shareholder loans and financial liabilities related to the application of IFRS 16). Its cash balance was €67.8 million. The net debt-to-EBITDA ratio is 3.4.

The documentation related to this debt contains the standard restrictions for this type of credit facility. Certain transactions, such as asset divestments, granting collateral, acquisitions, additional debt, and payment of dividends are prohibited, restricted, or require the prior approval of the lenders.

## **4. Stahl's financial debt**

This debt is without recourse to Wendel.

As of June 30, 2019, Stahl's gross bank debt was €524.6 million (including accrued interest, and excluding issue costs and financial liabilities related to the application of IFRS 16). Its cash balance was €81.9 million.

The ratio of consolidated net debt to LTM EBITDA must be less than or equal to 3.5. The covenant was met as of June 30, 2019, with a reading of 2.3.

The documentation related to Stahl's debt contains the standard restrictions for this type of credit facility. Certain transactions, such as mergers, asset divestments, granting collateral, acquisitions, additional debt, payment of dividends, share buybacks, or changes in ownership structure are prohibited, restricted, or require prior approval of the lenders.

## **5. Tsebo's financial debt**

This debt is without recourse to Wendel.

As of June 30, 2019, Tsebo's gross bank debt was €125.6 million (including accrued interest and excluding issue costs and financial liabilities related to the application of IFRS 16). It is denominated chiefly in South African rands. The cash balance was €24.9 million. The financial covenants apply to

the Mauritian parent company, to the South African scope and to a limited number of other African companies. They are tested twice annually, at end-June and end-December. These are as follows:

- the ratio of LTM EBITDA to the amount of interest paid was required to be greater than or equal to 2.00 as of end-June 2019 (this minimum ratio will reach to 2.25 in December 2020);
- the ratio of consolidated net debt to LTM EBITDA was required to be less than or equal to 4.00 as of end-June 2019 (this maximum ratio will reach 3.5 in December 2019); and
- the ratio of operating cash flow to interest expense must be greater than 1.05;
- the ratio of operating cash flow (including a portion of the cash on the balance sheet) to interest expense must be greater than 1.25.

These covenants were met as of end-June 2019.

In view of the challenging economic environment facing Tsebo in South Africa, Wendel and its co-shareholder Capital Group injected a total of \$21 million into this investment.

The documentation related to Tsebo's debt contains the standard restrictions for this type of credit facility. Certain transactions, such as mergers, asset divestments, granting collateral, acquisitions, additional debt, payment of dividends, share buybacks, or changes in ownership structure are prohibited, restricted, or require prior approval of the lenders.

#### **Note 5 - 5. Managing interest rate risk**

As of June 30, 2019, the exposure of the Wendel group (Wendel, its holding companies and fully consolidated operating subsidiaries) to interest rates was limited.

<i>In billions of euros</i>	<b>Fixed rate</b>	<b>Capped rate</b>	<b>Floating rate</b>
Gross debt	5.3		1.5
Cash and short-term financial investments	-0.3		-2.5
Impact of derivatives	0.3	0.5	-0.8
<b>Interest-rate exposure</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-1.8</b>
	134%	13%	-46%

The notional amount of derivative instruments was weighted by the portion of the 12 months following June 30, 2019 during which they will hedge interest rate risk.

A variation of +100 basis points in the interest rates on which the Group's interest rate exposure is indexed would have a positive impact of approximately €16 million on financial income/expense before tax in the 12 months following June 30, 2019 (assumptions: net debt as of June 30, 2019, interest rates raised from that date and taking into account the maturities of derivative instruments hedging the interest rate risk). This positive impact on a rate increase is the effect of a very significant Group cash position (exposed to floating rates) and a number of financing measures incorporating floor rates that make them insensitive to part of the rate increase.

#### **Note 5 - 6. Managing credit risk**

Each operating subsidiary has set up a policy to monitor its customer credit risk, and the receivables for which a risk of non-payment exists are subject to write-down. As of the closing date, owing to the Group's geographical and sector diversification, there was no significant concentration of credit risk in trade receivables.

The cash and financial investments of Wendel SE and its holding companies are placed essentially with top-ranking financial institutions. Given the total amount of cash and short-term financial investments held as of June 30, 2019, significant amounts may be invested with the same financial institution. Derivative contracts are entered into with top-ranking financial institutions.

## **Note 5 - 7. Managing currency risk**

### **Note 5 - 7.1 Wendel**

Certain Group investments operate in several countries and, as a result, derive a share of their earnings in currencies other than the euro, notably the US dollar. The investments with the greatest exposure to the US dollar are Bureau Veritas, Constantia Flexibles, Stahl, IHS and Allied Universal. Owing to the exposure of part of those assets to the US dollar, Wendel has decided to convert part of its bond debt into that currency through the use of derivatives. As such, €800 million in Eurodollar cross-currency swaps were established in 2016. This hedge will limit the impact of changes in the Eurodollar exchange rate on the Group's net asset value. These instruments, carried at fair value, have been qualified as net investment hedges for accounting purposes. As a result, changes in fair value related to changes in the euro-dollar exchange rate are recognized in equity (negative impact of €5 million in the first half of 2019). A 5% increase in the value of the US dollar against the euro would have a negative impact of €39 million in equity in respect of cross-currency swaps. The impact of the interest rate differential between the euro and the dollar on the fair value of these instruments is recognized in financial income, as are the coupons of these foreign exchange hedges.

### **Note 5 - 7.2 Bureau Veritas**

Due to the international nature of its activities, Bureau Veritas is exposed to currency risk arising from the use of several foreign currencies even though natural hedges may exist due to the fact that many of the entities where services are supplied locally have corresponding costs and revenues.

#### **Currency risk from operations**

For activities in local markets, costs and revenues are mainly expressed in local currency. For activities related to global markets, a portion of revenue is denominated in US dollars. The share of US dollar-denominated consolidated revenue in the first half of 2019 in countries with a functional currency other than the US dollar or currencies correlated to the US dollar was 9%. Accordingly, a 1% variation in the value of the US dollar against all currencies would have an impact of 0.09% on Bureau Veritas' consolidated revenue.

#### **Conversion risk**

Since the presentation currency of the financial statements is the euro, Bureau Veritas must convert into euros the income and expenses in currencies other than the euro when preparing the financial statements. This conversion is carried out at the average rate for the period. As a result, changes in the exchange rate of the euro against other currencies affect the amount of the items concerned in the consolidated financial statements, even if their value remains unchanged in their original currency. In the first half of 2019, over 72% of this investment's revenue was the result of the consolidation of the financial statements of entities with a functional currency other than the euro:

- 19.8% of revenue come from entities whose functional currency is the US dollar or a correlated currency (including the Hong Kong dollar);
- 11.4% of revenue comes from entities where the functional currency is the Chinese yuan;
- 3.9% of revenue come from entities where the functional currency is the pound sterling;
- 3.8% of revenue comes from entities where the functional currency is the Australian dollar;
- 3.6% of revenue comes from entities where the functional currency is the Canadian dollar;
- and
- 3.3% of revenue comes from entities where the functional currency is the Brazilian real.

No other currency taken individually represents more than 3% of Bureau Veritas' revenue. Accordingly, a 1% variation in the value of the euro against the US dollar or any correlated currencies would have had an impact of 0.198% on Bureau Veritas' consolidated revenue and 0.237% on its operating income over the period.

#### **Note 5 - 7.3    Constantia Flexibles**

In the first half of 2019, 35% of Constantia Flexibles' revenue was generated in currencies other than the euro, including 10% in US dollars. A +/-5% variation in the value of the US dollar or the currencies correlated to it against the euro would have had an impact of around +/-1.1% on Constantia Flexibles' EBITDA for the period (excluding goodwill allocation and non-recurring expenses), or less than +/-€1 million.

#### **Note 5 - 7.4    Stahl**

In the first half of 2019, 56% of Stahl's revenue was generated in currencies other than the euro, including 32% in US dollars, 10% in Chinese yuan, 5% in Indian rupees and 3% in Brazilian reals. A +/-5% variation in the value of the US dollar or the currencies correlated to it against the euro would have had an impact of around +/-5% on Constantia Flexibles' EBITDA for the period (excluding goodwill allocation and non-recurring expenses), or +/-€5 million.

In addition, Stahl has financial debt of €525 million, the majority of which is denominated in US dollars and carried by a company whose functional currency is the euro. Therefore, a +/-5% fluctuation in the US dollar's value against the euro would result in the recognition of a currency impact of about +/-€26 million in net finance income/expenses.

#### **Note 5 - 7.5    Tsebo**

Tsebo operates chiefly in South Africa, but its financial statements are presented in dollars. In the first half of 2019, 97% of Tsebo's revenue was the result of the consolidation of the financial statements of entities with a functional currency other than the dollar, of which 72% in South African rands. A +/-5% variation of in the value of the dollar against the South African rand would have had an impact of approximately +/-€0.5 million on EBITDA for the period.

Tsebo's bank debt is denominated in South African rands in the amount of €116 million. It is carried by a company whose functional currency is the South African rand. As such, changes in exchange rates have no effect on the net income.

#### **Note 5 - 8.       Managing raw material price risk**

The main Group investments most exposed to the risk of changes in commodity prices are Cromology, Stahl and Constantia Flexibles.

Cromology's raw material and packaging purchases amounted to approximately €88 million in the first half of 2019. After several years of high rises, the raw material price has entered a stable period especially for TiO<sub>2</sub>. Cromology continually works to optimize its purchases by approving new suppliers, and by developing new formulations for its products. In the first half of 2019, selling prices of paint products fell slightly.

Stahl's purchases of raw materials amounted to approximately €198 million in the first half of 2019. A 10% increase in the price of the raw materials used by Stahl would have resulted in a theoretical increase in the cost of these raw materials of around €20 million over 6 months. Stahl nevertheless considers that, circumstances permitting, a short-term increase in the sales price of its products would offset the overall effect of such raw material price increases.

Constantia Flexibles' raw material purchases represented approximately €419 million in the first half of 2019. A 10% increase in the price of the raw materials used by Constantia Flexibles would have resulted

in a theoretical increase in the cost of these raw materials of approximately €42 million over 6 months. Constantia Flexibles has a risk hedging policy against fluctuations in aluminum prices through hedging contracts. Moreover, the company believes that an increase in the sales price of its products would offset the overall effect of such increases in the short term.

**NOTE 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The analysis of the income statement by business sector is split between “net income from operations”, non-recurring items and effects related to goodwill.

A description of each of these items is presented in note 6 “Segment information” of the 2018 consolidated financial statements.



**Note 6 - 1. Income statement by operating segment for the first half of 2019**

	Bureau Veritas	Constantia Flexibles	Cromology	Stahl	Tsebo	Equity associates		Wendel & holding companies	Total Group
						IHS	Allied Universal		
<b>Net income from operations</b>									
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>2 476.6</b>	<b>760.9</b>	<b>348.6</b>	<b>416.6</b>	<b>259.2</b>				<b>4 261.9</b>
<b>EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>93.9</b>	<b>37.5</b>	<b>95.5</b>	<b>13.9</b>				
<b>Adjusted operating income<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>380.5</b>	<b>42.9</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>81.9</b>	<b>8.3</b>				<b>526.5</b>
Other recurring operating items	-	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.5				
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>380.5</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>82.7</b>	<b>8.8</b>			<b>-31.6</b>	<b>497.8</b>
Finance costs, net	-50.3	-9.8	35.8	-13.7	-8.7			-43.8	-90.5
Other financial income and expense	-7.2	-0.8	-50.9	0.3	-0.7			7.2 <b>(2)</b>	-52.3
Tax expense	-100.8	-9.4	-12.8	-17.5	-2.0			-0.3	-142.8
Share in net income of equity-method investments	0.5		0.2			19.3	20.4		40.4
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale				-0.4					-0.4
<b>Recurring net income from operations</b>	<b>222.8</b>	<b>23.8</b>	<b>-14.2</b>	<b>51.4</b>	<b>-2.7</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>-68.5</b>	<b>252.2</b>
Recurring net income from operations - non-controlling interests	148.9	8.9	-1.2	16.5	-2.1	0.1	0.1		171.3
<b>Recurring net income from operations - Group share</b>	<b>73.9</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>-13.0</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>20.3</b>	<b>-68.5</b>	<b>81.0</b>
<b>Non-recurring income</b>									
Operating income	-49.3	-38.6	-10.2	-19.3	-28.2			-0.4	-145.9
Net financial expense		14.5	-45.2	-12.8	-0.8			43.4 <b>(3)</b>	-0.9
Tax expense	11.5	6.9	2.3	8.1	1.3				30.0
Share in net income of equity-method investments						-4.6	-49.2		-53.8
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale		2.5					7.0	7.4	16.9
<b>Non-recurring net income</b>	<b>-37.7</b>	<b>-14.8</b>	<b>-53.1</b>	<b>-24.0</b>	<b>-27.8</b>	<b>-4.6</b>	<b>-42.2</b>	<b>50.4</b>	<b>-153.7</b>
of which:									
- Non-recurring items	-8.8	12.0	-52.9	-14.3	-2.8	-4.6	-14.1	50.4	-35.2
- Impact of goodwill allocation	-28.9	-15.0	-0.1	-9.7	-3.2		-28.0		-85.0
- Asset impairment		-11.8			-21.7				-33.5
Non-recurring net income - non-controlling interests	-25.2	-7.9	-5.5	-7.7	-9.8	-0.0	-0.3	1.8	-54.6
<b>Non-recurring net income - Group share</b>	<b>-12.5</b>	<b>-6.9</b>	<b>-47.6</b>	<b>-16.3</b>	<b>-18.0</b>	<b>-4.6</b>	<b>-41.9</b>	<b>48.6</b>	<b>-99.1</b>
<b>Consolidated net income</b>	<b>185.0</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>-67.3</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>-30.5</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>-21.7</b>	<b>-18.1</b>	<b>98.6</b>
Consolidated net income - non-controlling interests	123.7	1.0	-6.6	8.8	-11.9	0.1	-0.2	1.8	116.7
<b>Consolidated net income - Group share</b>	<b>61.4</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>-60.6</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>-18.6</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>-21.5</b>	<b>-20.0</b>	<b>-18.2</b>

- (1) Before the impact of goodwill allocation, non-recurring items and management fee and after application of IFRS 16.  
(2) Including €4.1 million corresponding to dividends received from Saint-Gobain.  
(3) This item includes notably the impact of the unwinding of Materis' co-investment, a loss of €19.8 million related to the early buy-out of 2020 and 2021 bonds, a negative €10.7 million of change in fair value of the cross-currency swap (inefficient part of the hedge) and €50.6 million of intercompany interests income with Cromology.

Income statement by operating segment for the first half of 2018

	Bureau Veritas	Constantia Flexibles	Cromology	Stahl	Other subsidiaries	Equity associates		Wendel & holding companies	Total Groupe
						IHS	Allied Universal		
<b>Net income from operations</b>									
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>2 338.3</b>	<b>759.1</b>	<b>341.3</b>	<b>452.4</b>	<b>258.5</b>			-	<b>4 149.5</b>
<b>EBITDA(1)</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>96.0</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>105.1</b>	<b>N/A</b>				
<b>Adjusted operating income(1)</b>	<b>348.1</b>	<b>55.8</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>96.8</b>	<b>14.6</b>		-		
Other recurring operating items	-	-1.0	-0.9	-4.2	-1.3		-		
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>348.1</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>92.7</b>	<b>13.3</b>		-	<b>-34.6</b>	<b>480.1</b>
Finance costs, net	-40.9	-8.8	-8.0	-14.8	-8.1		-	-61.6	-142.1
Other financial income and expense	-4.3	-0.6	-1.2	-1.1	0.7		-	18.4 (2)	11.9
Tax expense	-99.7	-6.5	-0.7	-19.0	-2.2		-2.3	-0.2	-130.6
Share in net income of equity-method investments	0.7	2.1	-0.1	-	-1.0	7.3	5.9	-	14.9
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale	-0.0	-	-0.5	-	6.8	-	-	-	6.2
<b>Recurring net income from operations</b>	<b>203.9</b>	<b>40.9</b>	<b>-4.5</b>	<b>57.7</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>-78.0</b>	<b>240.4</b>
Recurring net income from operations - non- controlling interests	126.8	16.5	-0.5	21.6	3.5	0.0	0.1	-	168.1
<b>Recurring net income from operations - Group share</b>	<b>77.1</b>	<b>24.4</b>	<b>-4.1</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>-78.0</b>	<b>72.2</b>
<b>Non-recurring income</b>									
Operating income	-57.1	-25.4	-37.4	-20.8	-5.1	-	-	4.3	-142.8
Net financial expense	-	-7.0	-49.1	-14.8	1.1	-	-	97.4	27.6
Tax expense	15.3	6.6	11.0	9.0	1.4	-	10.4	-	53.6
Share in net income of equity-method investments	-	-0.7	-	-	-	-18.1 (3)	-35.3	-	-54.1
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale	-	0.9	-	-	-11.5	-	-	-	-10.6
<b>Non-recurring net income</b>	<b>-41.8</b>	<b>-25.7</b>	<b>-75.6</b>	<b>-26.6</b>	<b>-14.0</b>	<b>-18.1</b>	<b>-24.8</b>	<b>101.7</b>	<b>-125.0</b>
of which:									
- Non-recurring items	-15.0	-10.4	-57.8	-15.8	-5.4	-17.7	-2.6	101.7 (4)	-23.1
- Impact of goodwill allocation	-26.8	-15.3	-0.2	-10.7	-8.5	-	-22.3	-	-83.8
- Asset impairment	-	-	-17.6	-	-	-0.4	-	-	-18.0
Non-recurring net income - non-controlling interests	-25.6	-10.1	-7.2	-9.9	-1.0	-0.1	-0.2	2.3	-51.9
<b>Non-recurring net income - Group share</b>	<b>-16.2</b>	<b>-15.6</b>	<b>-68.4</b>	<b>-16.6</b>	<b>-13.0</b>	<b>-18.0</b>	<b>-24.7</b>	<b>99.4</b>	<b>-73.1</b>
<b>Consolidated net income</b>	<b>162.1</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>-80.1</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>-4.6</b>	<b>-10.8</b>	<b>-21.2</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>115.3</b>
Consolidated net income - non-controlling interests	101.2	6.4	-7.7	11.6	2.6	-0.1	-0.1	2.3	116.3
<b>Consolidated net income - Group share</b>	<b>60.9</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>-72.5</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>-7.2</b>	<b>-10.8</b>	<b>-21.1</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>-0.9</b>

(1) Before the impact of goodwill allocation, non-recurring items and management fees.

(2) This €18.4 million corresponded to dividends received from Saint-Gobain.

(3) This item notably included a negative €8.4 million change in the fair value of financial instruments.

(4) This item notably included proceeds of €32.7 million from the revaluation of the optional component (sale of a call option) of bonds exchangeable for Saint-Gobain shares (see note 12 "Financial debt") and a €17.1 million gain in the fair value of the euro-dollar cross-currency swap component (see note 4-5 "Managing currency risk") relating to Wendel.

	Tsebo	Mecatherm	CSP Technologies	Nippon Oil Pump	PlaYce	Other subsidiaries
<b>Net income from operations</b>						
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>258.5</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>258.5</b>
<b>EBITDA(1)</b>	<b>17.1</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>N/A</b>
<b>Adjusted operating income(1)</b>	<b>14.6</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>14.6</b>
Other recurring operating items	-0.4	-0.3	-0.6	-	-	-1.3
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-0.6</b>	-	-	<b>13.3</b>
Finance costs, net	-8.1	-	-	-	-	<b>-8.1</b>
Other financial income and expense	0.7	-	-	-	-	<b>0.7</b>
Tax expense	-2.2	-	-	0	-	-2.2
Share in net income of equity-method investments	-0.1	-	-	-	-0.9	-1.0
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale	-	2.2	3.2	1.4	-	<b>6.8</b>
<b>Recurring net income from operations</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>9.4</b>
Recurring net income from operations - non-controlling interests	3.5	-	-	-	-	<b>3.5</b>
<b>Recurring net income from operations - Group share</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>5.8</b>
<b>Non-recurring income</b>						
Operating income	-5.1	-	-	-	-	<b>-5.1</b>
Net financial expense	1.3	-0.2	-	-	-	<b>1.1</b>
Tax expense	1.4	-	-	-	-	<b>1.4</b>
Share in net income of equity-method investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale	-	-1.1	-9.6	-0.8	-	<b>-11.5</b>
<b>Non-recurring net income</b>	<b>-2.4</b>	<b>-1.3</b>	<b>-9.6</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	-	<b>-14.0</b>
of which:						
- Non-recurring items	<b>1.0</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>-5.7</b>	<b>-0.0</b>	-	<b>-5.4</b>
- Impact of goodwill allocation	<b>-3.4</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-3.8</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	-	<b>-8.5</b>
- Asset impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-recurring net income - non-controlling interests	-0.8	-0.0	-0.2	-0.0	-	-1.1
<b>Non-recurring net income -Group share</b>	<b>-1.6</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>-9.4</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	-	<b>-13.0</b>
<b>Consolidated net income</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>-7.0</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>-4.6</b>
Consolidated net income - non-controlling interests	2.7	-	-0.1	-	-	<b>2.6</b>
<b>Consolidated net income - Group share</b>	<b>-0.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>-6.9</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>-7.2</b>

(1) Before the impact of goodwill allocation, non-recurring items and management fees.

**Note 6 - 2. Balance sheet by operating segment as of June 30, 2019**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Bureau Veritas</b>	<b>Constanția Flexibles</b>	<b>Cromology</b>	<b>Stahl</b>	<b>Tsebo</b>	<b>IHS</b>	<b>Allied Universal</b>	<b>Wendel &amp; holding companies</b>	<b>Total Group</b>
Goodwill, net	2 428.6	468.7	176.4	130.7	169.8	-	-	-	3 374.2
Intangible assets, net	841.8	472.3	184.9	260.6	122.4	-	-	-	1 881.9
Property, plant & equipment, net	747.2	637.8	186.5	162.8	22.4	-	-	19.0	1 775.7
Non-current financial assets	115.1	69.0	9.7	1.6	2.1	-	-	126.4	323.9
Pledged cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
Equity-method investments	0.9	0.3	1.5	-	1.9	277.4	105.7	-	387.8
Deferred tax assets	135.4	23.2	34.3	13.4	1.6	-	-	0.5	208.4
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>4 269.0</b>	<b>1 671.4</b>	<b>593.3</b>	<b>569.1</b>	<b>320.1</b>	<b>277.4</b>	<b>105.7</b>	<b>146.3</b>	<b>7 952.3</b>
<b>Assets and operations held for sale</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>148.6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>98.7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>248.8</b>
Inventories and work-in-progress	29.9	256.7	84.4	126.1	7.5	-	-	-	504.6
Trade receivables	1 251.8	165.2	116.7	162.9	73.4	-	-	1.4	1 771.4
Contract assets (net)	236.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	236.7
Other current assets	211.2	34.2	61.9	20.1	16.0	-	0.3	9.6	353.2
Current income tax payable	56.5	17.0	-	10.3	0.6	-	-	0.1	84.5
Other current financial assets	25.1	0.6	-	0.4	-	-	-	369.0	395.2
Cash and cash equivalents	804.8	23.8	69.4	81.9	24.9	-	0.8	1 495.0	2 500.6
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>2 616.0</b>	<b>497.5</b>	<b>332.4</b>	<b>401.6</b>	<b>122.4</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1 875.1</b>	<b>5 846.2</b>
<b>Total assets</b>									<b>14 047.3</b>
Shareholders' equity – Group share									1 922.1
Non-controlling interests									1 229.2
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>									<b>3 151.3</b>
Provisions	286.7	69.5	52.5	24.1	-	-	-	13.9	446.6
Financial debt	2 968.9	525.4	279.6	475.3	119.0	-	-	1 603.7	5 971.9
Other current financial liabilities	105.1	23.3	-	108.9	4.3	-	-	203.3	444.9
Deferred tax liabilities	176.1	148.6	94.1	24.6	34.6	-	19.3	0.0	497.3
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>3 536.8</b>	<b>766.7</b>	<b>426.2</b>	<b>632.9</b>	<b>157.9</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>1 820.9</b>	<b>7 360.7</b>
<b>Liabilities held for sale</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Provisions	-	1.1	5.4	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	6.7
Financial debt	310.1	141.8	28.0	61.7	12.2	-	-	747.5	1 301.3
Other current financial liabilities	118.6	13.1	-	1.8	2.6	-	-	18.2	154.3
Trade payables	438.9	258.8	126.9	75.0	64.9	-	0.2	8.5	973.2
Other current liabilities	709.3	58.3	79.3	33.8	24.2	-	0.3	16.2	921.4
Current income tax payable	153.3	22.5	-	2.7	-0.0	-	-	0.1	178.5
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>1 730.2</b>	<b>495.8</b>	<b>239.6</b>	<b>175.0</b>	<b>103.8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>790.5</b>	<b>3 535.4</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>									<b>14 047.3</b>

**Note 6 - 3. Balance sheet by operating segment as of December 31, 2018**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	Bureau Veritas	Constantia Flexibles	Cromology	Stahl	Tsebo	PlaYce	IHS	Allied Universal	Wendel & holding companies	Total Group
Goodwill, net	2 383.5	468.1	176.3	129.7	182.1	-	-	-	-	3 339.8
Intangible assets, net	832.1	493.4	185.7	269.5	123.2	-	-	-	-	1 903.9
Property, plant & equipment, net	471.1	613.1	75.4	143.0	14.6	-	-	-	12.7	1 330.0
Non-current financial assets	109.8	74.2	4.9	1.6	2.8	-	-	-	523.6	717.0
Pledged cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
Equity-method investments	5.0	148.4	1.3	-	2.4	-	261.7	132.8	-	551.7
Deferred tax assets	135.3	21.8	34.0	14.9	1.8	-	-	-	0.4	208.3
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>3 936.9</b>	<b>1 819.1</b>	<b>477.8</b>	<b>558.7</b>	<b>326.9</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>261.7</b>	<b>132.8</b>	<b>537.3</b>	<b>8 051.2</b>
<b>Assets and operations held for sale</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>92.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>118.0</b>
Inventories and work-in-progress	19.9	233.0	75.6	116.4	8.1	-	-	-	-	452.9
Trade receivables	1 201.9	161.1	108.2	151.1	59.4	-	-	-	0.4	1 682.1
Contract assets (net)	206.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	206.9
Other current assets	186.3	35.2	64.3	18.2	14.1	-	-	0.2	7.9	326.2
Current income tax payable	49.8	12.9	-	11.2	0.8	-	-	-	0.2	74.9
Other current financial assets	17.8	2.2	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	285.4	306.5
Cash and cash equivalents	1 046.3	16.4	84.7	127.3	16.8	-	-	0.9	1 806.1	3 098.4
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>2 728.9</b>	<b>460.8</b>	<b>332.8</b>	<b>425.1</b>	<b>99.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>2 100.0</b>	<b>6 147.9</b>
<b>Total assets</b>										<b>14 317.1</b>
Shareholders' equity – Group share										2 160.3
Non-controlling interests										1 146.1
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>										<b>3 306.4</b>
Provisions	290.7	64.6	48.8	24.0	-	-	-	-	15.4	443.5
Financial debt	2 655.8	503.9	14.1	475.3	109.0	-	-	-	1 873.8	5 631.8
Other current financial liabilities	131.7	28.4	-0.0	123.5	2.9	-	-	-	170.2	456.7
Deferred tax liabilities	178.4	153.9	96.7	27.2	34.8	-	-	19.1	-	510.2
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>3 256.5</b>	<b>750.8</b>	<b>159.6</b>	<b>650.0</b>	<b>146.7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>2 059.4</b>	<b>7 042.2</b>
<b>Liabilities held for sale</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Provisions	-	61.0	3.1	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	64.3
Financial debt	499.0	25.2	324.3	58.8	8.6	-	-	-	751.9	1 667.8
Other current financial liabilities	130.3	63.7	-	2.9	0.1	-	-	-	15.5	212.4
Trade payables	390.0	251.7	85.3	105.8	58.6	-	-	0.2	10.9	902.6
Other current liabilities	792.8	57.7	86.0	38.1	22.4	-	-	-	17.3	1 014.4
Current income tax payable	71.2	25.7	-	9.0	0.9	-	-	-	0.2	107.0
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>1 883.2</b>	<b>485.1</b>	<b>498.7</b>	<b>214.7</b>	<b>90.7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>795.8</b>	<b>3 968.5</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>										<b>14 317.1</b>

**Note 6 - 4. Cash flow statement by operating segment for the first half of 2019**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Bureau Veritas</b>	<b>Constantia Flexibles</b>	<b>Cromology</b>	<b>Stahl</b>	<b>Tsebo</b>	<b>Wendel &amp; holding companies</b>	<b>Eliminations and not allocated</b>	<b>Total Group</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities, excluding tax	318.3	63.4	33.7	0.7	2.6	-40.0		378.6
Net cash flows from investing activities, excluding tax	-147.1	-45.6	-15.2	-9.2	-11.7	476.7		248.0
Net cash flows from financing activities, excluding tax	-328.9	4.4	-46.1	6.5	20.0	-747.6		-1 091.7
Net cash flows related to taxes	-83.4	-15.1	-18.0	-13.3	-3.0	-0.3		-133.1

**Note 6 - 5. Cash flow statement by operating segment for the first half of 2018**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Bureau Veritas</b>	<b>Constantia Flexibles</b>	<b>Cromology</b>	<b>Stahl</b>	<b>Other subsidiaries</b>	<b>Wendel &amp; holding companies</b>	<b>Eliminations and not allocated</b>	<b>Total Group</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities, excluding tax	245.4	49.1	-16.0	59.3	35.6	-33.8		339.5
Net cash flows from investing activities, excluding tax	-286.5	-71.4	-9.0	-15.7	-18.3	206.4		-194.5
Net cash flows from financing activities, excluding tax	51.4	0.9	15.4	-21.1	-28.4	-602.6		-584.3
Net cash flows related to taxes	-80.7	-9.7	-3.9	-7.9	-6.2	12.0		-96.3

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Tsebo</b>	<b>Mecatherm</b>	<b>CSP Technologies</b>	<b>Nippon Oil Pump</b>	<b>Other subsidiaries</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities, excluding tax	9.8	7.5	13.5	4.7	35.6
Net cash flows from investing activities, excluding tax	-4.0	-3.6	-9.5	-1.3	-18.3
Net cash flows from financing activities, excluding tax	-8.5	-10.6	-7.6	-1.8	-28.4
Net cash flows related to taxes	-0.4	-0.4	-3.6	-1.8	-6.2



## NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

### NOTE 7. GOODWILL

<i>In millions of euros</i>	06/30/2019		
	Gross amount	Impairment	Net amount
Bureau Veritas	2 569.8	-141.2	2 428.6
Constantia Flexibles	468.7	-	468.7
Cromology	403.8	-227.4	176.4
Stahl	130.7	-	130.7
Oranje-Nassau Développement	211.5	-41.7	169.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 784.5</b>	<b>-410.3</b>	<b>3 374.2</b>

<i>In millions of euros</i>	12/31/2018		
	Gross amount	Impairment	Net amount
Bureau Veritas	2 524.9	-141.3	2 383.5
Constantia Flexibles	468.1	-	468.1
Cromology	403.7	-227.3	176.3
Stahl	129.7	-	129.7
Tsebo	201.5	-19.4	182.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 727.9</b>	<b>-388.0</b>	<b>3 339.8</b>

The main changes during the period were as follows:

<i>In millions of euros</i>	1st half 2019
<b>Net amount at beginning of period</b>	3 339.8
Changes in scope of consolidation	28.9
Reclassification of CSP and Mecatherm under "Operations held for sale"	-3.4
Impact of changes in currency translation adjustments and other	30.6
Impairment for the period <sup>(1)</sup>	-21.7
<b>Net amount at end of period</b>	<b>3 374.2</b>

(1) It corresponds to the de depreciations of Catering and Protection divisions of Tsebo.

#### Note 7 - 1. Goodwill impairment tests

In accordance with accounting standards, goodwill for each Cash Generating Unit (CGU) is tested for impairment as soon as there is any indication that its value may be impaired, and at least once per year on December 31 (see the accounting principles section, note 1-10.1 "Goodwill" of the 2018 consolidated financial statements). Wendel's CGUs are the fully consolidated investments. The principal indicators of a loss in value are adherence to the budget and business plan and for Bureau Veritas, which is listed, market price compared with the carrying value.

As of June 30, 2019, the significant decline in Tsebo's revenue in the first half of 2019 was seen as an indication of impairment. Testing was therefore performed by Tsebo on its own CGUs; similarly, Wendel also tested Tsebo, which is a CGU in Wendel's consolidation. No indication of impairment was identified on Wendel's other CGUs. Testing will therefore be performed at the year-end.

The impairment testing performed by Tsebo on its own CGUs resulted in an impairment charge of €21.7 million on the assets of its Catering and Security divisions. In accordance with the Group's accounting principles, this loss is maintained in Wendel's consolidated financial statements.

By contrast, in Wendel's consolidation, the value in use of Tsebo calculated as of June 30, 2019 is greater than the net carrying amount; as such, no impairment was recognized other than that recognized by Tsebo.

The business plan used for testing purposes was prepared by Tsebo and reviewed by Wendel. It covers a five-year period. A discount rate of 13% was used and a long-term growth rate of 5.5% was applied to post-business plan cash flows. Sensitivity analysis shows that no impairment would need to be recognized in the event of a 0.5 point increase in the discount rate, a 0.5 point reduction in the long-term growth rate or a 1 point reduction in the normative margin used for the post-business plan cash flows.

#### NOTE 8. EQUITY-METHOD INVESTMENTS

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>06/30/2019</b>	<b>12/31/2018</b>
IHS	277.4	261.7
Allied Universal	105.7	132.8
Investments of Constantia Flexibles (1)	0.3	148.4
Investments of Bureau Veritas	0.9	5.0
Investments of Tsebo	1.9	2.4
Investments of Cromology	1.5	1.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>387.8</b>	<b>551.7</b>

(1) In 2018, this relates to the equity accounting of the Multi-Color securities reclassified in the first semester of 2019 as assets held for sale and discontinued operations (see note 2, "Changes in scope of consolidation").

The change in equity-method investments breaks down as follows:

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>
<b>Amount at beginning of the period</b>	<b>551.7</b>
Share in net income for the period	
IHS	14.7
Allied Universal	-28.8
Other	3.0
Dividends for the period	-2.2
Impact of changes in currency translation adjustments	-0.4
Multi-Color IFRS reclassification	-147.7
Other	-2.6
<b>Amount at June 30 2019</b>	<b>387.7</b>

**Note 8 - 1. Additional information on IHS**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>06/30/2019</b>	<b>12/31/2018</b>
<b>Carrying values at 100%</b>		
Total non-current assets	2 637.6	2 498.3
Total current assets	864.1	842.1
Goodwill adjustment (Wendel)	59.9	61.0
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>3 561.6</b>	<b>3 401.5</b>
Non-controlling interests	-	-
Total non-current liabilities	1 790.6	1 676.4
Total current liabilities	474.7	500.8
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>2 265.2</b>	<b>2 177.2</b>
<i>including cash and cash equivalents</i>	526.0	553.2
<i>including financial debt</i>	1 623.1	1 657.4

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Net sales	535.9	458.4
EBIT	156.1	98.1
Financial result, excluding foreign exchange	-75.9	-51.6
Currency impact on financial liabilities	2.7	-12.3
Net income – Group share	68.7	-39.1

**Note 8 - 2. Additional information on Allied Universal**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>06/30/2019</b>	<b>12/31/2018</b>
<b>Carrying values at 100%</b>		
Total non-current assets	3 839.6	3 798.8
Total current assets	1 222.3	1 106.8
Goodwill adjustment (Wendel)	-249.3	-247.7
Impact of the revaluation of acquired assets and liabilities and other (Wendel)	207.8	243.6
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>5 020.4</b>	<b>4 901.4</b>
Non-controlling interests	-	1.9
Total non-current liabilities	3 871.4	3 802.1
Total current liabilities	714.9	526.0
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>4 586.4</b>	<b>4 330.0</b>
<i>including cash and cash equivalents</i>	21.3	25.9
<i>including financial debt</i>	3 682.0	3 445.9

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Net sales	3 179.9	2 250.1
Operating income	44.7	119.6
Net income – Group share	-105.4	-53.4
Impact of the revaluation of acquired assets and liabilities (Wendel) <sup>(1)</sup>	-37.5	-35.0

(1) Excluding the impact due to the fact that assets reclassified as assets held for sale are no longer amortized.

See note 2-1 "Agreement to sell 40% of the investment in Allied Universal".

### Note 8 - 3. Impairment tests on equity-method investments

As no indication of loss of value was identified on these investments, no impairment testing was performed.

### NOTE 9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<i>In millions of euros</i>	06/30/2019	12/31/2018
	Net amount	Net amount
Unpledged cash and cash equivalents of Wendel and its holding companies, classified as current assets	1 495.4	1 806.4
<b>Cash and cash equivalents of Wendel and its holding companies</b>	<b>1 495.4</b>	<b>1 806.4</b>
Unpledged cash and cash equivalents of subsidiaries and other holding companies, classified as current assets		
Bureau Veritas	804.8	1 046.3
Constantia Flexibles	23.8	16.4
Cromology	67.8	83.4
Stahl	81.9	127.3
Tsebo	24.9	16.8
Other holdings	2.4	2.2
<b>Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiaries and other holding companies</b>	<b>1 005.6</b>	<b>1 292.4</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2 501.0</b>	<b>3 098.9</b>
<i>of which non-current assets</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.5</i>
<i>of which current assets</i>	<i>2 500.6</i>	<i>3 098.4</i>

### NOTE 10. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING FINANCIAL DEBT AND OPERATING RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES)

#### Note 10 - 1. Financial assets

<i>In millions of euros</i>	Accounting method for variations	Level	06/30/2019	12/31/2018
Unpledged cash and cash equivalents of Wendel and its holding companies	Income statement	1	1 495.4	1 806.5
Wendel's short-term financial investments	Income statement	1	304.1	283.7
<b>Cash and short-term financial investments of Wendel and its holding companies</b>			<b>1 799.6</b>	<b>2 090.2</b>
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiaries	Income statement	1	1 005.6	1 292.4
Financial assets at fair value through equity – A	Equity	1 and 3	21.2	414.1
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Income statement	1	69.4	57.1
Loans	Amortized cost	N/A	1.0	2.2
Deposits and guarantees	Amortized cost	N/A	101.2	96.4
Derivatives - B	Income statement/Sh. Equity	See C	43.1	61.0
Other <sup>(1)</sup>			179.0	108.9
<b>Total</b>			<b>1 420.5</b>	<b>4 122.2</b>
<i>of which non-current financial assets, including pledged cash and cash equivalents</i>			<i>324.4</i>	<i>717.4</i>
<i>of which current financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents</i>			<i>2 895.7</i>	<i>3 404.9</i>

(1) Including €60.1 million related to treasury share buy-out (see note 11 "Equity").

#### Note 10 - 2. Financial liabilities

In millions of euros	Accounting method for variations	Level	06/30/2019	12/31/2018
Derivatives - B	Income statement/Sh. Equity	See C	26.6	25.7
Minority puts, earn-outs and other financial liabilities of subsidiaries - C	Income statement/Sh. Equity	3	353.7	457.7
Minority puts, earn-outs and other financial liabilities of Wendel and holding companies - D	Income statement/Sh. Equity	3	218.8	185.7
<b>Total</b>			<b>599.1</b>	<b>669.1</b>
<b>of which non-current financial liabilities</b>			<b>444.9</b>	<b>456.7</b>
<b>of which current financial liabilities</b>			<b>154.3</b>	<b>212.4</b>

Most of the changes in fair value are recognized through equity.

### Note 10 - 3. Details of financial assets and liabilities

A- As of June 30, 2019, this item mainly includes the stake in **Saint-Gobain** in the amount of €20 million (see note 2 "Changes in scope of consolidation").

#### B- Derivatives:

In millions of euros	Level	06/30/2019		12/31/2018	
		Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Interest rate swaps - not qualifying for hedge accounting <sup>(1)</sup>	2	2.6	7.8	2.9	5.8
Cross-currency swaps - hedging of cash flows <sup>(1)</sup>	2	35.1	6.4	50.6	6.7
Optional component of bonds exchangeable for Saint-Gobain shares <sup>(2)</sup>	2	-	-	0.1	-
Other derivatives - not qualifying for hedge accounting	2	5.4	12.5	7.4	13.2
<b>Total</b>		<b>43.1</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>61.0</b>	<b>25.7</b>
<b>of which non-current portion</b>		<b>39.0</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>53.2</b>	<b>12.6</b>
<b>of which current portion</b>		<b>4.1</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>13.1</b>

(1) See description of swaps in note 10-4 below.

(2) See note 13 "Financial debt".

C- **Minority puts, earn-outs and other financial liabilities of subsidiaries:** as of June 30, 2019, this amount corresponds notably to the other financial liabilities of Bureau Veritas, Constantia Flexibles and the minority put granted by Stahl to BASF.

D- **Minority puts, earn-outs and other financial liabilities of Wendel and its holding companies:** as of June 30, 2019, this amount corresponds mainly to liquidity commitment granted by Wendel to H. Turnauer Foundation on 50% of its stake in Constantia Flexibles. It also includes liabilities related to certain liquidities granted as part of co-investments (see note 28-6, "Off-balance sheet commitments – Shareholder agreements and co-investment mechanisms").

### Note 10 - 4. Interest rate swaps and foreign exchange hedges

The value of interest rate swaps is calculated by the counterparties on the basis of the yield curve at the balance sheet date and the present value of cash flows expected from the contracts.

Notional amount	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>	Qualified as	Start <sup>(1)</sup>	Maturity <sup>(1)</sup>	06/30/2019	12/31/2018
sign convention: (+) assets, (-) liabilities						
<b>Hedging of debt carried by Wendel</b>						
\$885 / €800 million	Pay 2.23% in US dollars against 0.24% in euros <sup>(2)</sup>	Hedge	03-2016	11-2022	35.1	50.6
	Other					-
<b>Hedging of subsidiaries' debt</b>						
€80 million	0.15% cap on Euribor		pre-closing	2022-2023	0.2	-
\$270 million	2.25% cap on Libor		pre-closing	12-2019	0.2	0.8
€180 million	Pay 0.75% against Euribor	Hedge	pre-closing	04-2022	-6.1	-5.1
€400 million	2.00% cap against Euribor		pre-closing	04-2020	2.2	2.0
ZAR 1,850 million	Pay 7.72% on Jibar		pre-closing	03/31/2021	-1.6	-0.7
	Other <sup>(3)</sup>				-6.4	-6.7
<b>Total</b>					<b>23.5</b>	<b>40.9</b>

(1) The positions indicated in this table are aggregations of several similar contracts. The characteristics are therefore

weighted averages.

- (2) Wendel has established cross-currency swaps to convert €800 million of its bond debt into US dollars (average exchange rate of 1.1058), see note 5-5 "Managing currency risk".
- (3) This amount includes the Bureau Veritas currency hedges that convert debt denominated in sterling into euros.

## NOTE 11. EQUITY

	Par value	Total number of shares	Treasury shares	Number of shares outstanding
<b>At 12/13/2018</b>	4 €	46 280 641	1 013 074	45 267 567
<b>At 06/30/2019</b>	4 €	45 158 247	967 705	44 190 542

The variation of 1,122,394 in the number of securities comprising the capital reflects:

- the capital reduction of 1,169,399 shares approved on April 25, 2019. These securities were purchased at a price of €119.60 per share (i.e. €139.9 million) under a share buyback agreement representing a total amount of €200 million. Following the full performance of this agreement, the Company will receive an additional amount of securities. This additional number of shares will be determined on the basis of the weighted average price by the volume of shares, after applying a discount, during the period for the execution of the share buyback agreement. A current financial asset of €60.1 million is recognized in the balance sheet as of June 30, 2019, corresponding to the difference between the value of the securities already received and the total amount of the agreement; and
- the increase in the number of shares comprising the share capital resulted from the exercise of 20,950 stock options during the first half of 2019 and subscriptions to the company savings plan in the amount of 26,055 shares.

The number of shares held under the liquidity contract is 78,034 as of June 30, 2019, vs. 100,000 as of December 31, 2018, a reduction of 21,966 during the first half of 2019.

As of June 30, 2019, Wendel holds 889,671 of its shares in treasury outside of the context of the liquidity contract (913,074 as of December 31, 2018). These treasury shares are primarily allocated to cover the exercise of stock options and grants of performance shares (438,090 shares as of June 30, 2019), the remainder being held for prospective acquisitions. The net reduction of 23,403 shares is linked entirely to the sale of shares to cover the exercise of call options.

In total, shares held in treasury represent 2.14% of the share capital as of June 30, 2019.

## NOTE 12. PROVISIONS

The detail of provisions for risks and contingencies is as follows:

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>06/30/2019</b>	<b>12/31/2018</b>
Bureau Veritas	83.2	105.1
Constantia Flexibles	1.2	61.1
Stahl	1.3	1.4
Cromology	24.1	19.1
Operating subsidiaries	12.4	13.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>122.1</b>	<b>200.4</b>
<b>of which non-current</b>	<b>115.5</b>	<b>136.1</b>
<b>of which current</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>64.3</b>

The principal disputes, claims and risks identified for the operating subsidiaries and for Wendel and its holding companies are described in note 15 to the 2018 consolidated financial statements, "Provisions for risks and contingencies".



The litigation in respect of the squeeze-out of Constantia Packaging AG has been settled in the first half of 2019 for a net amount of €45 million. This amount is less than the provision that had been set aside.

Provisions for retirement commitments and other long-term benefits are as follows:

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>06/30/2019</b>	<b>12/31/2018</b>
Bureau Veritas	203.5	185.6
Constantia Flexibles	69.5	64.6
Stahl	22.9	32.7
Cromology	33.8	22.8
Operating subsidiaries	1.6	1.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>331.2</b>	<b>307.4</b>

## NOTE 13. FINANCIAL DEBT

In millions of euros	Currency	Coupon rate	Effective interest rate <sup>(1)</sup>	Maturity	Repayment	Total lines	06/30/2019	12/31/2018
<b>Operating subsidiaries</b>								
2019 bonds	EUR	5.875%	5.397%	09-2019	at maturity		212.0	212.0
2019 Saint-Gobain exchangeable bonds <sup>(2)</sup>	EUR	0.000%	1.342%	07-2019	at maturity		499.6	500.0
2020 bonds	EUR	1.875%	2.055%	04-2020	at maturity			300.0
2021 bonds	EUR	3.750%	3.833%	01-2021	at maturity			207.4
2023 bonds	EUR	1.000%	1.103%	04-2013	at maturity		300.0	300.0
2024 bonds	EUR	2.750%	2.686%	10-2024	at maturity		500.0	500.0
2026 bonds	EUR	1.375%	1.452%	04-2026	at maturity		300.0	
2027 bonds	EUR	2.500%	2.576%	02-2027	at maturity		500.0	500.0
Syndicated loan	EUR	Euribor+margin		10-2022	revolving	€750 million		
Amortized cost of bonds and of the syndicated loan and deferred issuance costs							-4.7	-7.4
Lease liabilities – IFRS 16							6.4	
Other borrowings and accrued interest							35.9	39.9
Loans from non-controlling shareholders							2.1	73.8
							<b>2 351.2</b>	<b>2 625.7</b>
<b>Bureau Veritas</b>								
2019 bonds	EUR			04-2019	at maturity			200.0
2021 bonds	EUR	3.125%		01-2021	at maturity		500.0	500.0
2023 bonds	EUR	1.250%		09-2023	at maturity		500.0	500.0
2025 bonds	EUR	1.875%		01-2025	at maturity		200.0	200.0
2026 bonds	EUR	2.000%		09-2026	at maturity		500.0	500.0
Lease liabilities – IFRS 16							342.2	
Borrowings and debt from lending institutions – fixed rate							762.1	944.3
Borrowings and debt from lending institutions – floating rate							474.7	310.4
							<b>3 279.0</b>	<b>3 154.7</b>
<b>Constantia Flexibles</b>								
Bank borrowings	EUR	Euribor+margin		04-2022	at maturity		126.0	126.0
Bank borrowings	EUR	Euribor+margin		04 and 10 – 2022	at maturity		306.0	306.0
Bank borrowings (EUR, RUB, INR, CNY)		Euribor+margin and fixed		2017 to 2022	amortizing		71.9	77.6
Lease liabilities – IFRS 16							32.0	
Deferred issuance costs							-1.4	-1.6
Revolving Credit Facility		Euribor+margin and fixed		10-2022	amortizing		30.0	
Short-term loans Holdings		Fixed		08-2019	at maturity		75.0	
Other borrowings and accrued interest							27.7	21.2
							<b>667.2</b>	<b>529.1</b>
<b>Cromology</b>								
Bank borrowings	EUR	Euribor+margin		08-2021	at maturity		186.4	243.4
Deferred issuance costs								77.0
Matris shareholder loans								2.4
Deferred loan issue costs							-6.8	
Lease liabilities – IFRS 16							114.5	
Other borrowings and accrued interest							13.5	15.6
							<b>307.6</b>	<b>338.4</b>
<b>Stahl</b>								
Bank borrowings	USD	Libor + margin		12-2021	amortizing		210.4	234.2
Bank borrowings	USD	Libor + margin		06-2022	amortizing		300.5	292.8
Bank borrowings		Floating rate		2021 to 2022	amortizing	€20 million	13.7	16.0
Deferred issuance costs							-7.7	-9.0
Lease liabilities – IFRS 16							20.1	
Other borrowings and accrued interest								0.1
							<b>537.0</b>	<b>534.0</b>
<b>Tsebo</b>								
Bank borrowings	ZAR	Libor + margin		2022	amortizing		118.1	112.5
Deferred issuance costs							-2.5	-2.8
Lease liabilities – IFRS 16							7.3	
Other borrowings and accrued interest	ZAR, GHS, ZMW, SLL						8.3	7.9
							<b>131.2</b>	<b>117.6</b>
<b>Total</b>							<b>7 273.3</b>	<b>7 299.6</b>
<b>of which non-current portion</b>							<b>5 971.9</b>	<b>5 631.8</b>
<b>of which current portion</b>							<b>1 301.3</b>	<b>1 667.8</b>

- (1) The effective interest rate is calculated inclusive of issue premiums/discounts and bank issuance fees. For bonds that were issued in several stages, the effective interest rate corresponds to the weighted average of the par value issued.
- (2) The bonds convertible into Saint-Gobain shares were reimbursed in cash in July 2019.

**Note 13 - 1. Financial debt maturity schedule**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>Less than 1 year</b>	<b>Between 1 and 5 years</b>	<b>More than 5 years</b>	<b>Total</b>
Wendel and holding companies :				
- notional amount	-711,6	-277,4	-1 300,0	-2 289,0
- interest <sup>(1)</sup>	-62,3	-170,4	-55,4	-288,1
Investments:				
- notional amount	-409,4	-2 797,6	-1 186,9	-4 393,9
- interest <sup>(1)</sup>	-123,0	-315,5	-97,1	-535,7
<b>Total</b>	<b>-1 306,3</b>	<b>-3 560,9</b>	<b>-2 639,4</b>	<b>-7 506,7</b>

(1) Interest is calculated on the basis of the yield curve prevailing on June 30, 2019. Interest on debt and interest rate hedges does not reflect interest earned on invested cash.

**NOTE 14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND OPERATIONS HELD FOR SALE**

**Note 14 - 1. Net income from discontinued operations and operations held for sale**

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Net income for the period from discontinued operations or operations to be recognized using the equity method		
Constantia Flexibles	2.6	0.9
Cromology, Colorin (Argentina)		-0.5
CSP Technologies - result for the period, excluding intragroup items (1)		-6.4
Mecatherm - result for the period, excluding intragroup items (1)		1.1
Nippon Oil Pump		0.6
Allied Universal	7.0	
Stahl	-0.4	
PlaYce	7.4	
<b>Total</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>-4.4</b>

(1) See note 2 "Changes in scope of consolidation".

**Note 14 - 2. Net assets from discontinued operations and operations held for sale**

	<b>30.06.2019</b>	<b>31.12.2018</b>
Multi-Color	148.6	-
Allied Universal	98.7	92.0
Stahl	1.5	1.2
PlaYce	-	24.8
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>248.8</b>	<b>118.0</b>

## NOTES TO THE INCOME STATEMENT

### NOTE 15. REVENUE

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Bureau Veritas	2 476.6	2 338.3
Constantia Flexibles	760.9	759.1
Cromology	348.6	341.3
Stahl	416.6	452.4
Tsebo	259.2	258.5
<b>Consolidated net sales</b>	<b>4 261.9</b>	<b>4 149.5</b>

### NOTE 16. OPERATING INCOME

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Bureau Veritas	331.2	291.0
Constantia Flexibles <sup>(1)</sup>	5.3	29.4
Cromology	3.4	-31.5
Stahl	63.4	71.9
Tsebo <sup>(2)</sup>	-19.4	9.1
CSP		-0.6
Mecathem		-0.3
Operating subsidiaries	-32.0	-30.4
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>351.9</b>	<b>338.5</b>

(1) Including the depreciation of Afripack for €11.8 million.

(2) Including the depreciation of the division Catering for €13.2 million and the depreciation of the division Protection for €8.5 million.

### NOTE 17. FINANCE COSTS, NET

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Income from cash and cash equivalents <sup>(1)</sup>	1.6	-11.6
Finance costs, gross		
Interest expense	-122.0	-124.2
Interest expense on loans from non-controlling shareholders	-3.3	-4.7
Deferral of debt issuance costs and premiums/discounts (calculated according to the effective interest method)	-15.2	-11.5
	<b>-140.5</b>	<b>-140.4</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>-138.9</b>	<b>-152.0</b>

## NOTE 18. OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

<i>In millions of euros</i>	1st half 2019	1st half 2018
Dividends received from unconsolidated companies <sup>(1)</sup>	4.9	18.8
Income on interest-rate, currency and equity derivatives <sup>(2)</sup>	-2.1	47.7
Interest on other financial assets	0.2	1.3
Net currency exchange gains/losses	-21.4	-12.0
Impact of discounting	-2.6	-2.3
Cost of 2020 and 2021 bonds buy-out	-19.8	-
Other <sup>(3)</sup>	36.0	-4.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>-4.8</b>	<b>49.4</b>

(1) Including €4.1 million of dividends received from Saint-Gobain.

(2) This item notably includes the fair value impact of the euro-dollar currency swaps for a negative amount of €10.7 million (see note 5-5.1 "Currency risk" relating to Wendel), the change in fair value of Wendel Lab's assets for €7.3 million and the variation of the earn-out Maxburg.

(3) This item includes notably the impact of the unwinding of the co-investment in Materis.

## NOTE 19. TAX EXPENSE

<i>In millions of euros</i>	1st half 2019	1st half 2018
Current income tax payable	-119.2	-116.2
Deferred taxes	6.5	39.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>-112.7</b>	<b>-77.0</b>

The portion of CVAE (value added) tax was recognized as an income tax, in accordance with IAS 12 and the instruction of the CNC (French National Accounting Council) of January 14, 2010.

## NOTE 20. NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM EQUITY-METHOD INVESTMENTS

<i>In millions of euros</i>	1st half 2019	1st half 2018
<b>Net income including impact of goodwill allocation</b>		
IHS	14.7	-10.8
Allied Universal	-28.8	-29.4
PlaYce		-0.9
Other companies	0.6	1.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>-13.5</b>	<b>-39.2</b>

## NOTE 21. EARNINGS PER SHARE

<i>In euros and millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
Net income, Group share	-18.2	-0.9
Impact of dilutive instruments on subsidiaries	-0.3	-0.8
Diluted net income	<b>-18.5</b>	<b>-1.7</b>
Average number of shares, net of treasury shares	47 623 175	45 509 061
Potential dilution due to Wendel stock options <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A
Diluted number of shares	<b>47 623 175</b>	<b>45 509 061</b>
Basic earnings per share (in euros)	-0.38	-0.02
Diluted earnings per share (in euros)	-0.39	-0.04
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations (in euros)	-0.61	0.08
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (in euros)	-0.62	0.06
Basic earnings per share from discontinued operations (in euros)	0.23	-0.10
Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations (in euros)	0.23	-0.10

(1) In accordance with the treasury stock method: it is assumed that the cash received from the exercise of dilutive instruments will be used to buy back the shares and partially neutralize the resulting dilution. The potential dilution is thus the net impact. As the result for the first half of 2019 is a loss, no dilution is taken into account on Wendel's share capital.

## NOTES ON CHANGES IN CASH POSITION

### NOTE 22. ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
by Bureau Veritas	56.2	63.2
by Constantia Flexibles	45.8	35.4
by Cromology	5.4	9.0
by Stahl	12.8	12.7
by Tsebo	3.9	3.2
by Mecatherm		2.2
by CSP technologies		6.0
by Nippon Oil Pump		0.4
by Wendel and holding companies	0.4	0.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>124.6</b>	<b>132.3</b>

### NOTE 23. DIVESTMENT AND ACQUISITION OF EQUITY INVESTMENTS

#### Note 23 - 1. Acquisition of equity investments

<i>In millions of euros</i>	<b>1st half 2019</b>	<b>1st half 2018</b>
By Bureau Veritas	51.6	103.6
By Stahl	0.4	0.7
By Constantia Flexibles	-	36.7
By Tsebo	7.1	1.7
Other securities	0.1	0.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>59.2</b>	<b>143.4</b>

#### Note 23 - 2. Divestment of equity investments

This item includes notably the selling price of PlaYce for an amount of €32.2 million (see note "Change in scope of consolidation").



#### NOTE 24. CHANGES IN OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND OTHER

In the first half of 2019, this item includes the sale of the shares of Saint-Gobain for €449 million (see note 10 “Financial assets”).

#### NOTE 25. DIVIDENDS RECEIVED FROM EQUITY-METHOD INVESTMENTS AND UNCONSOLIDATED COMPANIES

The dividend received from Saint-Gobain represented an amount of €4.1 million.

The €87.5 million dividend received from Bureau Veritas was eliminated upon consolidation. It was paid in shares. (see note 2 “Change in scope of consolidation”).

#### NOTE 26. NET CHANGE IN BORROWINGS AND OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Details of financial debt are shown in note 13 “Financial debt”.

<i>In millions of euros</i>	1st half 2019	1st half 2018
<b>New borrowings by:</b>		
Wendel & holding companies	300.0	-
Bureau Veritas	204.0	279.4
Constantia Flexibles	111.5	31.4
Cromology	-	48.4
Tsebo	19.2	3.4
	634.8	362.5
<b>Borrowings repaid by:</b>		
Wendel & holding companies	507.4	349.8
Stahl	33.6	22.6
Bureau Veritas	424.7	5.7
Constantia Flexibles	11.1	6.5
Cromology	108.6	32.7
CSP Technologies	-	1.9
Nippon Oil Pump	-	1.7
Tsebo	8.9	4.1
	1 094.4	425.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>-459.6</b>	<b>-62.5</b>

#### NOTE 27. OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

This caption includes notably the impact of the unwinding of a litigation (see note 12 “Provisions”) and the put on non-controlling interests being exercised by Constantia Flexibles. It also includes costs on borrowings and financial investments for respectively €20.9 million and €20 million both booked by Wendel.

## OTHER NOTES

### NOTE 28. OFF-BALANCE-SHEET COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2019, no commitment was likely to have a significant impact on the Group's financial position, other than those mentioned below.

#### Note 28 - 1. Collateral and other security given in connection with financing

<i>In millions of euros</i>	06/30/2019	12/31/2018
Pledge by Constantia Flexibles Group entities of shares of the principal companies and of certain bank accounts and trade receivables as collateral for the repayment of the debt owed by the Constantia Flexibles Group.	668.6	530.7
Pledge by Cromology Group entities of shares of the principal companies and of certain bank accounts and trade receivables as collateral for the repayment of the debt owed by the Cromology Group.	314.4	334.1
Pledge by Stahl Group entities of shares of the principal companies and of certain bank accounts, trade receivables and assets as collateral for the repayment of debt owed by the Stahl Group.	544.7	543.0
Pledge by Tsebo Group entities of shares of the principal companies and of certain bank accounts and trade receivables as collateral for the repayment of the debt owed by Tsebo Group.	133.6	120.4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1 661.3</b>	<b>1 528.2</b>

#### Note 28 - 2. Guarantees given as part of asset sales

In connection with the sale of CSP Technologies, Mecatherm, Nippon Oil Pump and Parcoures, and upon Clariant and BASF's acquisition of an equity stake in Stahl, the Group granted the usual guarantees within certain limits and over periods varying in accordance with the type of guarantee involved. ALD has made several claims relating to the disposal of the Parcoures group; they were pending as of June 30, 2019 and their validity is currently being discussed. There are no outstanding claims in respect of other guarantees granted.

#### Note 28 - 3. Guarantees received in connection with asset acquisitions

In connection with the acquisitions of AlliedBarton (now Allied Universal following the merger with Universal Services of America), IHS and Tsebo, and in conjunction with the investment by BASF in Stahl's capital, the Group benefits from customary guarantees within certain limits and over variable periods depending on the type of guarantees involved.

#### Note 28 - 4. Off-balance sheet commitments given and received related to operating activities

<i>In millions of euros</i>	06/30/2019	12/31/2018
<b>Market counter-guarantees and other commitments given</b>		
by Bureau Veritas <sup>(1)</sup>	439.2	397.2
by Constantia	2.0	1.6
by Cromology	13.5	13.9
by Tsebo	8.8	3.5
by Stahl	3.7	-
<b>Total commitments given</b>	<b>467.2</b>	<b>416.2</b>
Other commitments received	-	-
<b>TOTAL COMMITMENTS RECEIVED</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

(1) Commitments given by Bureau Veritas included guarantees such as bank and parent-company guarantee.

#### **Note 28 - 5. Acquisition and subscription commitments**

As of June 30, 2019, the Group (Wendel Lab) undertook to invest approximately €21.6 million in private equity funds.

Moreover, in connection with the acquisition of U.S. Security Associates by Allied Universal, to ensure Allied Universal's liquidity needs, certain Allied Universal shareholders agreed to carry out an additional capital increase under certain conditions, where the Group share could reach \$40 million. This commitment ended on July 12, 2019 at the closing of the refinancing of Allied Universal's debt.

#### **Note 28 - 6. Shareholder agreements and co-investment mechanisms**

As of June 30, 2019, the Wendel Group was party to a number of agreements governing its relationships with its co-investors, whether co-investors in its unlisted subsidiaries or holdings (Allied Universal, Constantia Flexibles, Cromology, IHS, Stahl and Tsebo) or managers (or former managers) of subsidiaries, relating to mechanisms aimed at aligning their interests with their respective companies' performance (Allied Universal, Constantia Flexibles, Cromology, Stahl and Tsebo).

These agreements contain various clauses related to:

- corporate governance (composition of governing bodies, veto rights on certain strategic decisions and rights to information);
- terms of share transfers (lock-up periods, pre-emptive rights and rights of first refusal, ban on selling to certain individuals);
- anti-dilution rules in the event of transactions involving the share capital;
- exit terms in the event of a sale (tag-along and drag-along rights) or IPO; and
- non-competition and priority commitments involving acquisition opportunities.

The Constantia Flexibles, Stahl, Allied Universal and Tsebo shareholder agreements also contain the following terms:

- for Constantia Flexibles, the H. Turnauer Foundation, of the founding family of Constantia Flexibles, has the option to request, between 2020 and 2023, that an IPO or a share buyback process by refinancing of the Group be launched, aiming at ensuring the priority liquidity of its stake. Failing such an event, the H. Turnauer Foundation can exercise a put option granted to it by Wendel to sell half of its initial investment at market value, payable in two tranches in cash or in Wendel shares, at the Wendel group's choice. This commitment was recognized in financial liabilities in accordance with accounting principles applicable to minority puts;
- for Stahl, BASF, a minority shareholder, benefits from liquidity commitments granted by Stahl and counter-guaranteed by the Wendel Group in an amount determined on the basis of a predefined margin multiple. These commitments have been recognized in financial liabilities in accordance with accounting principles applicable to minority puts;
- for Allied Universal, the Company and its two major shareholders (Wendel and Warburg Pincus) have made various commitments to the US Department of Defense under the US regulations on Foreign Investment and National Security, primarily bearing on the governance of the Company (with two "independent" directors approved by the US authorities, the majority of the members of the Board of Directors being appointed by the two main shareholders which also have reciprocal veto rights over key decisions, some of which can only be exercised with the prior approval of these two independent directors). In the event of a situation resulting in the imposition of additional restrictions under this regulation, Wendel has undertaken to take additional measures (dilution of its investment or restriction of its governance rights) aimed at diluting the influence of foreign interests in Allied Universal. In addition, with regard to the disinvestment terms, Warburg Pincus and Wendel each have the right to prompt an IPO or a forced sale of all shareholders in a private sale, subject to (in the early years) achieving minimum valuations;

Note that on February 20, 2019, Wendel and its co-shareholders in Allied Universal entered into an agreement with Caisse de Dépôt et Placement du Québec (CDQP) for the sale of approximately 40% of their investment in Allied Universal. As part of this transaction, Wendel and its affiliates entered into various agreements governing, among other aspects, the terms of a complementary sale of their securities, Allied Universal's new governance and the conditions for the transfer of securities in the event of Allied Universal's sale or IPO; and

- for Tsebo, Capital Group, Tsebo's minority shareholder, has the right, beyond a certain investment period, to trigger an IPO, subject to performance, valuation and liquidity conditions; or, failing that, to sell its investment in Tsebo.

The agreements with the management teams (managers or former managers) of subsidiaries (Allied Universal, Constantia Flexibles, Cromology, Stahl and Tsebo) also contain provisions relative to:

- the right to liquidate their co-investment in successive tranches, in the absence of a sale or IPO beyond a certain period (between the 5<sup>th</sup> anniversary and 13<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the completion of the joint investment, depending on the relevant agreement); and
- the handling of executive departures (commitment to sell shares to the Wendel Group in the event of the departure of an executive from a subsidiary and/or commitment to buy shares in certain specific cases).

Co-investment terms for senior managers in the subsidiary companies are described in greater detail in note 4 to the 2018 consolidated financial statements relating to the "Participation of subsidiaries' managers in the performance of their companies".

As part of the liquidity commitments under these agreements, in the absence of a liquidity event (divestment or IPO) before certain predetermined dates, the Wendel Group (depending of the situation, Wendel's holdings or the investments itself) can be required to buy back or guarantee the buyback of the shares held by subsidiary managers (or former managers) in Allied Universal, Constantia Flexibles, Cromology, Stahl and Tsebo. The value applied to these liquidity commitments is the market value determined by the parties or an independent appraiser, or a value calculated on the basis of an earnings multiple.

Liquidity mechanisms will also be provided to Wendel managers with exposure, in connection with co-investment mechanisms, to Allied Universal, Constantia Flexibles, IHS and Tsebo (see note 4 relating to the "Participation of Wendel managers in Group investments" of the 2018 consolidated financial statements).

As of June 30, 2019, based on the value of the investments included in the net asset value or, where appropriate, on the basis of the price formulas or appraisals provided for in these agreements, the value of the portion of the *pari passu* investments made under the same risk and return conditions as Wendel by all the co-investing managers of investments or Wendel benefiting from liquidity rights granted by the fully consolidated companies is €30 million. The value of the portion of *non-pari passu* investments of co-investing managers of subsidiaries and managers of Wendel was €135 million.

In accordance with Group accounting principles, a portion of these amounts is recognized as liabilities of €7 million. The accounting principles applicable to co-investments are described in note 1-10.18 "Accounting treatment of mechanisms for the participation of management teams in the Group's investments" of the 2018 consolidated financial statements. With regard to *non-controlling* interests granted to joint shareholders, an overall amount of €307.8 million is recognized in financial liabilities for put granted by Wendel and its holdings to the H. Turnauer Foundation on its stake in Constantia Flexibles, as well as the put granted by Stahl to BASF.

Co-investment and liquidity commitment values vary with the value of each investment. As a result, they may be lower (or nil) or higher in future fiscal years.

**Note 28 - 7. Other agreements concluded by the Wendel Group in connection with acquisitions, divestments or restructuring of investment financing**

Subordinated (mezzanine and second lien) lenders to Stahl who waived their claims as creditors during the 2010 restructuring in exchange for a minority interest in the share capital (representing only 0.5% of the capital at June 30, 2019) notably received a right to the capital gain exercisable only upon the total or partial divestment of the Wendel Group's stake in Stahl. This right is exercisable by Stahl's mezzanine and second-lien shareholders in the event of the divestment by the Wendel Group if Wendel's overall return is more than 2.5 times greater than its 2010 re-investment. It is equivalent to the allocation of 1 to 2 bonus shares per share held by these former subordinated lenders. In accordance with accounting standards, this commitment is not recognized on the balance sheet, as the exercise of this right depends on the Wendel group's decision to divest.

As part of the syndication with Capital Group of a minority investment in the Tsebo Group, the Wendel Group enjoys a right to receive an additional amount on the portion transferred in this manner subject to the achievement by Capital Group of minimum profitability thresholds over the duration of its investment in Tsebo in case of divestment. The Group has a similar right to the investment made by Maxburg in Constantia Flexibles. These rights were recognized within financial assets whose change in value is recognized on the income statement.

As part of the initial investment in Tsebo Group's South African entities by an investor meeting the criteria set by local B-BBEE regulations ("Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment" business incentive program to support the economic development of black people in South Africa), Wendel guaranteed the repayment obligations relating to acquisition financing contracted by this investor, thereby helping maintain Tsebo's "B-BBEE level 1" rating. Wendel's guarantee represents an amount of approximately ZAR 536 million (or €33.2 million as of June 30, 2019), which may be increased to ZAR 639 million (or €39.6 million as of June 30, 2019) in the event of the extension of the financing term.

**NOTE 29. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

No subsequent events were identified.

## **Statutory auditors' review report on the H1 2019 financial information**

**(For the period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019)**

In compliance with the assignment entrusted to us by your General Meeting of Shareholders and in accordance with the requirements of article L. 451-1-2 III of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier), we hereby report to you on:

- the review of the accompanying condensed half-year consolidated financial statements of WENDEL, for the period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019;
- the verification of the information presented in the half-year management report.

These condensed half-year consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Executive Board. Our role is to express a conclusion on these financial statements based on our review.

### **I- Conclusion on the financial statements**

We conducted our review in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed half-yearly consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 – standard of the IFRSs as adopted by the European Union applicable to interim financial information.

Without qualifying our conclusion, we draw your attention to the matter set out in Note 1 to the condensed half-yearly consolidated financial statements, entitled "Accounting Principles", which describes the impacts of first-time adoption, as from January 1, 2019, of standard IFRS 16 "Leases" and interpretation IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments".

### **II- Specific verification**

We have also verified the information presented in the half-year management report on the condensed half-yearly consolidated financial statements subject to our review. We have no matters to report as to its fair presentation and consistency with the condensed half-year consolidated financial statements.

Paris-La Défense, September 5, 2019

The Statutory Auditors

*French original signed by:*

Deloitte & Associés

ERNST & YOUNG Audit

Mansour Belhiba

Jacques Pierres



W E N D E L


Societas Europea with an Executive Board and a Supervisory Board with capital of €180,632,988

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**September 2019**

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